# **Classic Poetry Series**

# **Charles G. D. Roberts**

- poems -

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# Charles G. D. Roberts (10 January 1860 – 26 November

Sir Charles George Douglas Roberts, KCMG, FRSC was a Canadian poet and prose writer who is known as the Father of Canadian Poetry. He was "almost the first Canadian author to obtain worldwide reputation and influence; he was also a tireless promoter and encourager of Canadian literature.... He published numerous works on Canadian exploration and natural history, verse, travel books, and fiction." "At his death he was regarded as Canada's leading man of letters."

Besides his own body of work, Roberts is also called the "Father of Canadian Poetry" because he served as an inspiration and a source of assistance for other Canadian poets of his time.

Roberts, his cousin <a href="http://poemhunter.com/bliss-william-carman/">Bliss Carman</a>, <a href="http://poemhunter.com/archibald-lampman/">Archibald Lampman</a> and <a href="http://poemhunter.com/duncan-campbell-scott/">Duncan Campell

Scott</a> are known as the Confederation Poets.

#### Life

Roberts was born in Douglas, New Brunswick in 1860, the eldest child of Emma Wetmore Bliss and Rev. George Goodridge Roberts (an Anglican priest). His brother Theodore Goodridge Roberts and sister, Jane Elizabeth Gostwycke Roberts, would also become authors.

Between the ages of 8 months and 14 years, Roberts was raised in the parish of Westcock, New Brunswick, near Sackville, by the Tantramar Marshes. He was homeschooled, "mostly by his father, who was proficient in Greek, Latin and French." He published his first writing, three articles in The Colonial Farmer, at 12 years of age.

After the family moved to Fredericton in 1873, Roberts attended Fredericton Collegiate School from 1874 to 1876, and then the University of New Brunswick (UNB), earning his B.A. in 1879 and M.A. in 1881. At the Collegiate School he came under the influence of headmaster George Robert Parkin, who gave him a love of classical literature and introduced him to the poetry of Dante Gabriel Rossetti and Algernon Charles Swinburne.

Roberts was principal of Chatham High School in Chatham, New Brunswick, from 1879 to 1881, and of York Street School in Fredericton from 1881 to 1883.[5] In Chatham he met and befriended Edmund Collins, editor of the Chatham Star and the future biographer of Sir John A. Macdonald.

#### Early Canadian career

Roberts first published poetry in the Canadian Illustrated News of March 30, 1878, and by 1879 he had placed two poems in the prestigious American magazine, Scribner's.

In 1880 Roberts published his first book of poetry, Orion and Other Poems. Thanks in part to his industry in sending out complimentary review copies, there were many positive reviews. Rose-Belford's Canadian Monthly proclaimed: "Here is a writer whose power and originality it is impossible to deny — here is a book of which any literature might be proud." The Montreal Gazette predicted that Roberts would "confer merited fame on himself and lasting honour on his country." As well, "several American periodicals reviewed it favourably, including the New York Independent, which described it as 'a little book of choice things, with the indifferent things well weeded out."

On December 29, 1880, Roberts married Mary Fenety, who would bear him five children.

The biography by Roberts's friend Edmund Collins, The Life and Times of Sir John A. Macdonald, was published in 1883. The book was a huge success, going through eight printings. It contained a long chapter on "Thought and Literature in Canada," which devoted 15 pages to Roberts, quoting liberally from Orion. "Beyond any comparison," Collins declared, "our greatest Canadian poet is Mr. Charles G.D. Roberts." "Edmund Collins is probably responsible for the early acceptance of Charles G.D. Roberts as Canada's foremost poet."

From 1883 to 1884 Roberts was in Toronto, Ontario, working as the editor of Goldwin Smith's short-lived literary magazine, The Week. "Roberts lasted only five months at The Week before resigning in frustration from overwork and clashes with Smith."

In 1885 Roberts became a professor at the University of King's College in Windsor, Nova Scotia. In 1886, his second book, In Divers Tones, was published by a Boston publisher. "Over the next six years, in addition to his academic duties, Roberts published more than thirty poems in numerous American periodicals, but mostly in The Independent while Bliss Carman was on its editorial staff. During the same period, he published almost an equal number of stories, primarily for juvenile readers, in periodicals like The Youth's Companion. He also edited Poems of Wild Life (1888), completed a 270-page Canadian Guide Book (1891), wrote about a dozen articles on a variety of topics, and gave lectures in various centres from Halifax to New York."

Roberts was asked to edit the anthology, Songs of the Great Dominion, but that position eventually went to W.D. Lighthall. Lighthall included a generous selection of Roberts's work, and echoed Collins's assessment of six years earlier: "The foremost name in Canadian song at the present day is that of Charles George Douglas Roberts."

Roberts resigned from King's College in 1895, when his request for a leave of absence was turned down. Determined to make a living from his pen, in 1896 "he published his first novel, The Forge in the Forest, ... his fourth collection of poetry, The Book of the Native, ... his first book of nature-stories, Earth's Enigmas, ... and a book of adventure stories for boys, Around the Campfire."

#### Move to New York

"Determining to work free-lance, Roberts separated from his wife, daughter, and sons in 1897, leaving Canada for New York City." During 1897 and 1898 he worked for The Illustrated American as an associate editor.

In New York Roberts wrote in many different genres, but found that "his

most successful prose genre was the animal story, in which he drew upon his early experience in the wilds of the Maritimes. He published over a dozen such volumes between Earth's Enigmas (1896) and Eyes of the Wilderness (1933).... Roberts is remembered for creating in the animal story, along with Ernest Thompson Seton, the one native Canadian art form."

Roberts also wrote historical romances and novels. "Barbara Ladd (1902) begins with a girl escaping from an uncongenial aunt in New England in 1769; it sold 80,000 copies in the US alone."[2] He also wrote descriptive text for guide books, such as Picturesque Canada and The Land of Evangeline and Gateways Thither for Nova Scotia's Dominion Atlantic Railway.[

Roberts famously became involved in a literary debate known as the nature fakers controversy after John Burroughs denounced his popular animal stories, and those of other writers, in a 1903 article for Atlantic Monthly. The controversy lasted for nearly six years and included important American environmental and political figures of the day, including President Theodore Roosevelt.

### Europe and return to Canada

In 1907 Roberts moved to Europe. First living in Paris, he moved to Munich in 1910, and in 1912 to London, where he lived until 1925. During World War I he enlisted with the British Army as a trooper, eventually becoming a captain and a cadet trainer in England. After the war he joined the Canadian War Records Office in London.

Roberts returned to Canada in 1925 which "led to a renewed production of verse." During the late 1920s he was a member of the Halifax literary and social set, The Song Fishermen.

He married his second wife Joan Montgomery on October 28, 1943, at the age of 83, but became ill and died shortly thereafter in Toronto. The funeral was held in Toronto, but his ashes were returned to Fredericton, where he was interred in Forest Hill Cemetery.

#### Orion and Other Poems

Roberts's first book, Orion and Other Poems (1880), was a vanity book for which he had to "pay an advance of \$300, most of which he borrowed from George E. Fenety, the Queen's Printer for New Brunswick, soon to become his father-in-law." Orion was "a collection of juvenilia, written while the poet was still a teenager."

Critic Desmond Pacey wrote in 1958 that "when we remind ourselves that it was published when the poet was twenty ... we realize that it is a remarkable performance. It is imitative, naively romantic, defective in diction, the poetry of books rather than life itself, but it is facile, clever, and occasionally distinctly beautiful.... It is the work of an apprentice, who is quite frankly serving under a sequence of masters from whom he hopes to learn his art."

#### In Divers Tones

The title of Roberts's second book, In Divers Tones, "aptly describes the hodgepodge of its contents. The selections vary greatly, not only in style and subject matter, but also in quality.... Among those written between 1883 and 1886 ... there is evidence of a maturing talent. In fact, it might be argued that at least three of these poems, 'The Tantramar Revisited,' 'The Sower,' and 'The Potato Harvest," were never surpassed by any of his subsequent verse."

### Songs of the Common Day

By the time of Songs of the Common Day, and Ave (1893), Roberts "had reached the height of his poetic powers.... It is the sonnet sequence of Songs of the Common Day that has established Roberts' reputation as a landscape poet.... Evidence of the Tantramar setting occurs in lines like "How sombre

slope these acres to the sea' ('The Furrow"), 'These marshes pale and meadows by the sea' ('The Salt Flats'), and 'My fields of Tantramar in summer-time' ('The Pea-Fields'). The descriptions are full of evocative details."

### Middle period

After Roberts turned to free-lance writing in 1895, "Financial pressure forced him to turn his main attention to fiction." He published two more books of poetry by 1898, but managed only two more in the following 30 years.

"As their titles often indicate, the numerous seasonal poems in The Book of the Native were written with an eye on the monthly requirements of the magazines: 'The Brook in February,' 'An April Adoration,' 'July,' and 'An August Woodroad.' Roberts "is generally at his best in the poems in which he depicts these seasonal stages of nature with the palette of a realistic landscape painter." However, the book also "signalled a shift in his poetic oeuvre away from descriptive, technically tight Romantic verses to more mystical lyrics."

"Most of the nature poetry in Roberts's New York Nocturnes and Other Poems was written before he moved to New York. It belongs to a period of upheaval, desperation and overwork, which may at least partly account for its disappointing slackness.... Even 'The Solitary Woodsman,' much anthologized and frequently praised, is a series of unremarkable images made tedious by fifty-two lines of irritating rhythm and rhyme.... Roberts seldom looks at New York with the eye of a painter, and never captures its essence with the effectiveness he displays in his best pictures of rural landscape.... Instead of turning an inquiring eye upon urban conditions, he is inclined to retreat from "he city's fume and stress' and 'clamour' ('The Ideal')."

The first and title section of The Book of the Rose (1903) was a collection of love poetry. "Roberts handling of the symbol sounds artificial at best and sometimes downright fatuous.... Although most of the poems in the second section are unimpressive, there are a few exceptions. "Heat in the City," noteworthy for being the best poem he ever wrote about city life, effectively evokes the distress and despair of the tenement-dwellers.... The final poem in the book, "The Aim," is remarkable for its frank self-analysis."

"New Poems, a slim volume published in 1919, shows the drop in both the quantity and quality of Roberts' poetry during his European years. At least half of the pieces had been written before he left America, some as early as 1903."

#### Later poems

Roberts's "return to Canada in 1925 led to a renewed production of verse with The Vagrant of Time (1927) and The Iceberg and Other Poems (1934)." Literary critic Desmond Pacey calls this period "the Indian summer of his poetic career."

"Among the best of the new poems" in The Vagrant of Time "is the one with this inspired opening line: 'Spring breaks in foam along the blackthorn bough.' In another love poem, 'In the Night Watches,' written in 1926, his command of free verse is natural and unstrained, unlike the laboured language and forced rhymes of his earlier love poetry. Its synthesis of lonely wilderness setting with feelings of separation and longing is harmonious and poignant."

"Most critics rank 'The Iceberg' (265 lines), the title poem of the new collection" published in 1934, "as one of Roberts' outstanding achievements. It is almost as ambitious as 'Ave!' in conception; its cold, unemotional images are as apt and precise in their detached way as the warmly-remembered descriptions in 'Tantramar Revisited.'

#### **Animal Stories**

The Canadian Encyclopedia says that "Roberts is remembered for creating in the animal story, along with Ernest Thompson Seton, the one native Canadian art form." A typical Roberts animal story is "The Truce".

In his introduction to The Kindred of the Wild (1902), Roberts called the animal story "a potent emancipator. It frees us for a little from the world of shop-worn utilities, and from the mean tenement of self of which we do well to grow weary. It helps us to return to nature, without requiring that we at the same time return to barbarism. It leads us back to the old kinship of earth, without asking us to relinquish by way of toll any part of the wisdom of the ages, any fine essential of the 'large result of time.' (Kindred 28)"

Critical interest in Roberts's animal stories "emerged in the 1960s and 70s in the growth of what we now know as Canadian Literary Studies.... But these critics tended as a group to see in the animal stories a masked reference to Canadian nationhood: James Polk 'attempts to subsume the animal genre entirely within the identity crisis of an emerging nation [...seeing] the sympathetic stance of Seton and Roberts towards the sometimes brutal fate of the "lives of the hunted" as a larger political allegory for Canada's "victim" status as an American satellite. (Sandlos 74)"

Margaret Atwood devotes a chapter of her 1971 critical study Survival: A Thematic Guide to Canadian Literature to animal stories, where she states the same thesis: "the stories are told from the point of view of the animal. That's the key: English animal stories are about the 'social relations,' American ones are about people killing animals; Canadian ones are about animals being killed, as felt emotionally from inside the fur and feathers. (qtd. in Sandlos 74; emphasis in original)."

#### Recognition

Charles G. D Roberts was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society of Canada in 1893.

Roberts was elected to the United States National Institute of Arts and Letters in 1898.

He was awarded an honorary LLD from UNB in 1906, and an honorary doctorate from Mount Allison University in 1942.

For his contributions to Canadian literature, Roberts was awarded the Royal Society of Canada's first Lorne Pierce Medal in 1926.

On June, 3 1935, Roberts was one of three Canadians on King George V's honour list to receive a knighthood (Knight Commander of the Order of St. Michael and St. George).

Roberts was honored by a sculpture erected in 1947 on the UNB campus, portraying him with Bliss Carman and fellow poet <a href="http://poemhunter.com/francis-sherman/">Francis Sherman</a>.

"In the 1980s — a hundred years after his first volumes appeared — a major Roberts revival took place, producing monographs, a complete edition of his poems, a new biography, a collection of his letters, etc. A Roberts Symposium at Mount Allison University (1982) and another at the University of Ottawa (1983) included several scholarly reappraisals of his poetry."

Roberts was declared a Person of National Historic Significance in 1945, and a monument to him was erected by the Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada in Westcock in 2005.

#### Eserleri:

Poetry Orion, and Other Poems (1880. In Divers Tones (1886)

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AVE! An Ode for the Shelley Centenary (1892)
Songs of the Common Day and, AVE! An Ode for the Shelley Aentenary
(1893)
The Book of the Native (1896)
New York Nocturnes and Other Poems (1898)
Poems (1901)
The Book of the Rose (1903)
New Poems (1919)
The Sweet o' the Year and Other Poems (1925)
The Vagrant of Time (1927)
The Iceberg and Other Poems (1934)
Selected Poems of Sir Charles G.D. Roberts (1936)
Flying Colours (1942)
Sélected Poems of Charles G.D. Roberts (1955)
Selected Poetry and Critical Prose. W.J. Keith ed (1974)
Collected Poems of Sir Charles G.D. Roberts. Desmond Pacey & Graham
Adams, ed (1985)
Fiction
The Raid from Beauséjour and How the Carter Boys Lifted the Mortgage
(1894)
Reube Dare's Shad Boat: a tale of the tide country (1895)
Around the Campfire (1896)
Earth's Enigmas (1896)
The Forge in the Forest(1897
By the Marshes of Minas (1900)
A Sister to Evangeline (1900)
The Feet of the Furtive (1900)
The Heart of the Ancient Wood (1900)
The Haunters of the Silences (1900)
Barbara Ladd (1902)
The Kindred of the Wild Boston (1902)
The Prisoner of Mademoiselle (1904)
The Watchers of the Trails (1904)
Red Fox (1905)
The Watchers of the Campfire (1906)
The Heart That Knows (1906)
The Cruise of the Yacht "Dido" (1906)
The Little People of the Sycamore (1906)
The Return to the Trails (1906)
In the Deep of the Snow (1907)
The Young Acadian (1907)
The Haunters of the Silences (1907)
Kings in Exile (1908)
The House in the Water (1908)
The Backwoodsmen (1909)
More Kindred of the Wild (1911)
Neighbours Unknown (1910)
Babes of the Wild (1912)
Children of the Wild (1913)
Hoof and Claw (1914)
The Secret Trails (1916)
The Ledge on Bald Face (1918)
In the Morning of Time (1919)
The Secret Trails (1921)
Wisdom of the Wilderness (1923)
They Who Walk in the Wilds (1924)
Further Animal Stories (1936)
When Twilight Falls on the Stump Lots (1945)
The Last Barrier and Other Stories (1958)
The Vagrants of the Barren and Other Stories of Charles G.D. Roberts (1992)
Non-fiction
A History of Canada (1898)
The Canadian Guide-Book (1898)
Discoveries and Explorations in the Century (1904)
Canada in Flanders (1918)
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### **Afoot**

Comes the lure of green things growing, Comes the call of waters flowing -And the wayfarer desire Moves and wakes and would be going.

Hark the migrant hosts of June Marching nearer noon by noon! Hark the gossip of the grasses Bivouacked beneath the moon!

Long the quest and far the ending When my wayfarer is wending -When desire is once afoot, Doom behind and dream attending!

In his ears the phantom chime Of incommunicable rhyme, He shall chase the fleeting camp-fires Of the Bedouins of Time.

Farer by uncharted ways, Dumb as death to plaint or praise, Unreturning he shall journey, Fellow to the nights and days;

Till upon the outer bar
Stilled the moaning currents are,
Till the flame achieves the zenith,
Till the moth attains the star,

Till through laughter and through tears Fair the final peace appears, And about the watered pastures Sink to sleep the nomad years!

### **All Night the Lone Cicada**

All night the lone cicada Kept shrilling through the rain– A voice of joy undaunted By unforgotten pain.

Down from the wind-blown branches Rang out the high refrain, By tumult undisheartened, By storm assailed in vain.

To looming vasts of mountain And shadowy deeps of plain, The ephemeral, brave defiance Adventured not in vain.

Till to the faltering spirit And to the weary brain, From loss and fear and failure, My joy returned again.

### **An April Adoration**

Sang the sun rise on an amber morn - 'Earth, be glad! An April day is born.

'Winter's done, and April's in the skies, Earth, look up with laughter in your eyes!'

Putting off her dumb dismay of snow, Earth bade all her unseen children grow.

Then the sound of growing in the air Rose to God a liturgy of prayer;

And the thronged succession of the days Uttered up to God a psalm of praise.

Laughed the running sap in every vein, Laughed the running flurries of warm rain,

Laughed the life in every wandering root, Laughed the tingling cells of bud and shoot.

God in all the concord of their mirth Heard the adoration-song of Earth.

### An Epitaph for a Husbandman

He who would start and rise
Before the crowing cocks, -No more he lifts his eyes,
Whoever knocks.
He who before the stars
Would call the cattle home, -They wait about the bars
For him to come.
Him at whose hearty calls
The farmstead woke again
The horses in their stalls
Expect in vain.

Busy and blithe and bold
He laboured for the morrow, -The plough his hands would hold
Rusts in the furrow.

His fields he had to leave, His orchards cool and dim; The clods he used to cleave Now cover him.

But the green, growing things Lean kindly to his sleep, --White roots and wandering strings, Closer they creep.

Because he loved them long And with them bore his part, Tenderly now they throng About his heart.

### **Ascription**

O thou who hast beneath Thy hand The dark foundations of the land,--The motion of whose ordered thought An instant universe hath wrought,--

Who hast within Thine equal heed The rolling sun, the ripening seed, The azure of the speedwell's eye. The vast solemnities of sky,--

Who hear'st no less the feeble note Of one small bird's awakening throat, Than that unnamed, tremendous chord Arcturus sounds before his Lord,--

More sweet to Thee than all acclaim Of storm and ocean, stars and flame, In favor more before Thy face Than pageantry of time and space.

The worship and the service be Of him Thou madest most like Thee,--Who in his nostrils hath Thy breath, Whose spirit is the lord of death!

### At the Gates of Spring

With April here,
And first thin green on the awakening bough,
What wonderful things and dear,
My tired heart to cheer,
At last appear!
Colours of dream afloat on cloud and tree,
So far, so clear,
A spell, a mystery;
And joys that thrill and sing,
New come on mating wing,
The wistfulness and ardour of the springAnd Thou!

### Ave! (An Ode for the Shelley Centenary, 1892)

O tranquil meadows, grassy Tantramar,
Wide marshes ever washed in clearest air,
Whether beneath the sole and spectral star
The dear severity of dawn you wear,
Or whether in the joy of ample day
And speechless ecstasy of growing June
You lie and dream the long blue hours away
Till nightfall comes too soon,
Or whether, naked to the unstarred night,
You strike with wondering awe my inward sight, -II

You know how I have loved you, how my dreams
Go forth to you with longing, though the years
That turn not back like your returning streams
And fain would mist the memory with tears,
Though the inexorable years deny
My feet the fellowship of your deep grass,
O'er which, as o'er another, tenderer sky,
Cloud phantoms drift and pass, -You know my confident love, since first, a child,
Amid your wastes of green I wandered wild.
III

Inconstant, eager, curious, I roamed;
And ever your long reaches lured me on;
And ever o'er my feet your grasses foamed,
And in my eyes your far horizons shone.
But sometimes would you (as a stillness fell
And on my pulse you laid a soothing palm)
Instruct my ears in your most secret spell;
And sometimes in the calm
Initiate my young and wondering eyes
Until my spirit grew more still and wise.
IV

Purged with high thoughts and infinite desire I entered fearless the most holy place, Received between my lips the secret fire, The breath of inspiration on my face. But not for long these rare illumined hours, The deep surprise and rapture not for long. Again I saw the common, kindly flowers, Again I heard the song Of the glad bobolink, whose lyric throat Peeled like a tangle of small bells afloat.

The pounce of mottled marsh-hawk on his prey; The flicker of sand-pipers in from sea In gusty flocks that puffed and fled; the play Of field-mice in the vetches, -- these to me Were memorable events. But most availed Your strange unquiet waters to engage My kindred heart's companionship; nor failed To grant this heritage, -- That in my veins forever must abide The urge and fluctuation of the tide.

The mystic river whence you take your name,
River of hubbub, raucous Tantramar,
Untamable and changeable as flame,
It called me and compelled me from afar,
Shaping my soul with its impetuous stress.
When in its gaping channel deeps withdrawn
Its waves ran crying of the wilderness
And winds and stars and dawn,
How I companioned them in speed sublime,
Led out a vagrant on the hills of Time!
VII

And when the orange flood came roaring in
From Fundy's tumbling troughs and tide-worn caves,
While red Minudie's flats were drowned with din
And rough Chignecto's front oppugned the waves,
How blithely with the refluent foam I raced
Inland along the radiant chasm, exploring
The green solemnity with boisterous haste;
My pulse of joy outpouring
To visit all the creeks that twist and shine
From Beauséjour to utmost Tormentine.
VIII

And after, when the tide was full, and stilled
A little while the seething and the hiss,
And every tributary channel filled
To the brim with rosy streams that swelled to kiss
The grass-roots all awash and goose-tongue wild
And salt-sap rosemary, -- then how well content
I was to rest me like a breathless child
With play-time rapture spent, -To lapse and loiter till the change should come
And the great floods turn seaward, roaring home.
IX

And now, O tranquil marshes, in your vast
Serenity of vision and of dream,
Wherethrough by every intricate vein have passed
With joy impetuous and pain supreme
The sharp, fierce tides that chafe the shores of earth
In endless and controlless ebb and flow,
Strangely akin you seem to him whose birth

One hundred years ago
With fiery succour to the ranks of song
Defied the ancient gates of wrath and wrong.
X

Like yours, O marshes, his compassionate breast,
Wherein abode all dreams of love and peace,
Was tortured with perpetual unrest.
Now loud with flood, now languid with release,
Now poignant with the lonely ebb, the strife
Of tides from the salt sea of human pain
That hiss along the perilous coasts of life
Beat in his eager brain;
But all about the tumult of his heart
Stretched the great calm of his celestial art.

Therefore with no far flight, from Tantramar
And my still world of ecstasy, to thee,
Shelley, to thee I turn, the avatar
Of Song, Love, Dream, Desire, and Liberty;
To thee I turn with reverent hands of prayer
And lips that fain would ease my heart of praise,
Whom chief of all whose brows prophetic wear
The pure and sacred bays
I worship, and have worshipped since the hour
When first I felt thy bright and chainless power.
XII

About thy sheltered cradle in the green
Untroubled groves of Sussex, brooded forms
That to the mother's eye remained unseen, -Terrors and ardours, passionate hopes, and storms
Of fierce retributive fury, such as jarred
Ancient and sceptred creeds, and cast down kings,
And oft the holy cause of Freedom marred,
With lust of meaner things,
With guiltless blood, and many a frenzied crime
Dared in the face of unforgetful Time.
XIII

The star that burns on revolution smote
Wild heats and change on thine ascendant sphere,
Whose influence thereafter seemed to float
Through many a strange eclipse of wrath and fear,
Dimming awhile the radiance of thy love.
But still supreme in thy nativity,
All dark, invidious aspects far above,
Beamed one clear orb for thee, --

The star whose ministrations just and strong Controlled the tireless flight of Dante's song. XIV

With how august contrition, and what tears
Of penitential unavailing shame,
Thy venerable foster-mother hears
The sons of song impeach her ancient name,
Because in one rash hour of anger blind
She thrust thee forth in exile, and thy feet
Too soon to earth's wild outer ways consigned, -Far from her well-loved seat,
Far from her studious halls and storied towers
And weedy Isis winding through his flowers.
XV

And thou, thenceforth the breathless child of change,
Thine own Alastor, on an endless quest
Of unimagined loveliness didst range,
Urged ever by the soul's divine unrest.
Of that high quest and that unrest divine
Thy first immortal music thou didst make,
Inwrought with fairy Alp, and Reuss, and Rhine,
And phantom seas that break
In soundless foam along the shores of Time,
Prisoned in thine imperishable rhyme.
XVI

Thyself the lark melodious in mid-heaven;
Thyself the Protean shape of chainless cloud,
Pregnant with elemental fire, and driven
Through deeps of quivering light, and darkness loud
With tempest, yet beneficent as prayer;
Thyself the wild west wind, relentless strewing
The withered leaves of custom on the air,
And through the wreck pursuing
O'er lovelier Arnos, more imperial Romes,
Thy radiant visions to their viewless homes.
XVII

And when thy mightiest creation thou
Wert fain to body forth, -- the dauntless form,
The all-enduring, all-forgiving brow
Of the great Titan, flinchless in the storm
Of pangs unspeakable and nameless hates,
Yet rent by all the wrongs and woes of men,
And triumphing in his pain, that so their fates
Might be assuaged, -- oh then

Out of that vast compassionate heart of thine Thou wert constrained to shape the dream benign. XVIII

O Baths of Caracalla, arches clad
 In such transcendent rhapsodies of green
 That one might guess the sprites of spring were glad
 For your majestic ruin, yours the scene,
 The illuminating air of sense and thought;
 And yours the enchanted light, O skies of Rome,
 Where the giant vision into form was wrought;
 Beneath your blazing dome
 The intensest song our language ever knew
 Beat up exhaustless to the blinding blue! - XIX

The domes of Pisa and her towers superb,
The myrtles and the ilexes that sigh
O'er San Giuliano, where no jars disturb
The lonely aziola's evening cry,
The Serchio's sun-kissed waters, -- these conspired
With Plato's theme occult, with Dante's calm
Rapture of mystic love, and so inspired
Thy soul's espousal psalm,
A strain of such elect and pure intent
It breathes of a diviner element.
XX

Thou on whose lips the word of Love became
A rapt evangel to assuage all wrong,
Not Love alone, but the austerer name
Of Death engaged the splendours of thy song.
The luminous grief, the spacious consolation
Of thy supreme lament, that mourned for him
Too early haled to that still habitation
Beneath the grass-roots dim, -Where his faint limbs and pain-o'erwearied heart
Of all earth's loveliness became a part,
XXI

But where, thou sayest, himself would not abide, -Thy solemn incommunicable joy
Announcing Adonais has not died,
Attesting death to free but not destroy,
All this was as thy swan-song mystical.
Even while the note serene was on thy tongue
Thin grew the veil of the Invisible,
The white sword nearer swung, --

And in the sudden wisdom of thy rest Thou knewest all thou hadst but dimly guessed. XXII

Lament, Lerici, mourn for the world's loss!
Mourn that pure light of song extinct at noon!
Ye waves of Spezzia that shine and toss
Repent that sacred flame you quenched too soon!
Mourn, Mediterranean waters, mourn
In affluent purple down your golden shore!
Such strains as his, whose voice you stilled in scorn,
Our ears may greet no more,
Unless at last to that far sphere we climb
Where he completes the wonder of his rhyme!
XXIII

How like a cloud she fled, thy fateful bark,
From eyes that watched to hearts that waited, till
Up from the ocean roared the tempest dark -And the wild heart Love waited for was still!
Hither and thither in the slow, soft tide,
Rolled seaward, shoreward, sands and wandering shells
And shifting weeds thy fellows, thou didst hide
Remote from all farewells,
Nor felt the sun, nor heard the fleeting rain,
Nor heeded Casa Magni's quenchless pain.
XXIV

Thou heedest not? Nay, for it was not thou,
That blind, mute clay relinquished by the waves
Reluctantly at last, and slumbering now
In one of kind earth's most compassionate graves!
Not thou, not thou, -- for thou wert in the light
Of the Unspeakable, where time is not.
Thou sawest those tears; but in thy perfect sight
And thy eternal thought
Were they not even now all wiped away
In the reunion of the infinite day!
XXV

There face to face thou sawest the living God
And worshippedst, beholding Him the same
Adored on earth as Love, the same whose rod
Thou hadst endured as Life, whose secret name
Thou now didst learn, the healing name of Death.
In that unroutable profound of peace,
Beyond experience of pulse and breath,
Beyond the last release

Of longing, rose to greet thee all the lords Of Thought, with consummation in their words: XXVI

He of the seven cities claimed, whose eyes,
Though blind, saw gods and heroes, and the fall
Of Ilium, and many alien skies,
And Circe's Isle; and he whom mortals call
The Thunderous, who sang the Titan bound
As thou the Titan victor; the benign
Spirit of Plato; Job; and Judah's crowned
Singer and seer divine;
Omar; the Tuscan; Milton, vast and strong;
And Shakespeare, captain of the host of Song.
XXVII

Back from the underworld of whelming change
To the wide-glittering beach thy body came;
And thou didst contemplate with wonder strange
And curious regard thy kindred flame,
Fed sweet with frankincense and wine and salt,
With fierce purgation search thee, soon resolving
Thee to the elements of the airy vault
And the far spheres revolving,
The common waters, the familiar woods,
And the great hills' inviolate solitudes.
XXVIII

Thy close companions there officiated
With solemn mourning and with mindful tears, -The pained, imperious wanderer unmated
Who voiced the wrath of those rebellious years;
Trelawney, lion-limbed and high of heart;
And he, that gentlest sage and friend most true,
Whom Adonais loved. With these bore part
One grieving ghost, that flew
Hither and thither through the smoke unstirred
In wailing semblance of a wild white bird.
XXIX

O heart of fire, that fire might not consume,
Forever glad the world because of thee;
Because of thee forever eyes illume
A more enchanted earth, a lovelier sea!
O poignant voice of the desire of life,
Piercing our lethargy, because thy call
Aroused our spirits to a nobler strife
Where base and sordid fall,

Forever past the conflict and the pain More clearly beams the goal we shall attain! XXX

And now once more, O marshes, back to you From whatsoever wanderings, near or far, To you I turn with joy forever new, To you, O sovereign vests of Tantramar! Your tides are at the full. Your wizard flood, With every tribute stream and brimming creek, Ponders, possessor of the utmost good, With no more left to seek, -- But the hour wanes and passes; and once more Resounds the ebb with destiny in its roar. XXXI

So might some lord of men, whom force and fate And his great heart's unvanquishable power Have thrust with storm to his supreme estate, Ascend by night his solitary tower High o'er the city's lights and cries uplift. Silent he ponders the scrolled heaven to read And the keen stars' conflicting message sift, Till the slow signs recede, And ominously scarlet dawns afar The day he leads his legions forth to war.

### Bat, Bat, Come Under my Hat

(A Modernity) Twelve good friends Passed under her hat, And devil a one of them Knew where he was at. Had they but known, Then had they known all things, --The littleness of great things, The unmeasured immensity of small things. They had known the Where and the Why, The When and the Wherefore, And how the Eternal Conceived the Eternal, and therefore Beginning began the Beginning; They had apprehended The ultimate virtue of sinning; They had caught the whisper That Vega vibrates to Arcturus, Piercing the walls Of heavy flesh that immure us.

But if they had known, Then had there been no mystery; And Life had been poorer, And laughter unsurer, And the shadow of death securer, By lack of this brief history.

#### **Cambrai and Marne**

Before our trenches at Cambrai We saw their columns cringe away. We saw their masses melt and reel Before our line of leaping steel.

A handful to their storming hordes, We scourged them with the scourge of swords, And still, the more we slew, the more Came up for every slain a score.

Between the hedges and the town The cursing squadrons we rode down; To stay them we outpoured our blood Between the beetfields and the wood.

In that red hell of shrieking shell Unfaltering our gunners fell; They fell, or ere that day was done, Beside the last unshattered gun.

But still we held them, like a wall On which the breakers vainly fall— Till came the word, and we obeyed, Reluctant, bleeding, undismayed.

Our feet, astonished, learned retreat; Our souls rejected still defeat; Unbroken still, a lion at bay, We drew back grimly from Cambrai.

In blood and sweat, with slaughter spent, They thought us beaten as we went, Till suddenly we turned, and smote The shout of triumph in their throat.

At last, at last we turned and stood– And Marne's fair water ran with blood; We stood by trench and steel and gun, For now the indignant flight was done.

We ploughed their shaken ranks with fire, We trod their masses into mire; Our sabres drove through their retreat As drives the whirlwind through young wheat.

At last, at last we drove them back Along their drenched and smoking track; We hurled them back, in blood and flame, The reeking ways by which they came.

By cumbered road and desperate ford How fled their shamed and harassed horde!

Shout, Sons of Freemen, for the day When Marne so well avenged Cambrai!

#### Canada

O Child of Nations, giant-limbed,
Who stand'st among the nations now
Unheeded, unadored, unhymned,
With unanointed brow, -How long the ignoble sloth, how long
The trust in greatness not thine own?
Surely the lion's brood is strong
To front the world alone!
How long the indolence, ere thou dare
Achieve thy destiny, seize thy fame, -Ere our proud eyes behold thee bear
A nation's franchise, nation's name?

The Saxon force, the Celtic fire,
These are thy manhood's heritage!
Why rest with babes and slaves? Seek higher
The place of race and age.

I see to every wind unfurled
The flag that bears the Maple Wreath;
Thy swift keels furrow round the world
Its blood-red folds beneath;

Thy swift keels cleave the furthest seas; Thy white sails swell with alien gales; To stream on each remotest breeze The black smoke of thy pipes exhales.

O Falterer, let thy past convince
Thy future, -- all the growth, the gain,
The fame since Cartier knew thee, since
Thy shores beheld Champlain!

(Montcalm and Wolfe! Wolfe and Montcalm! Quebec, thy storied citadel Attest in burning song and psalm How here thy heroes fell!

O Thou that bor'st the battle's brunt At Queenston and at Lundy's Lane, --On whose scant ranks but iron front The battle broke in vain! --

Whose was the danger, whose the day, From whose triumphant throats the cheers, At Chrysler's Farm, at Chateauguay, Storming like clarion-bursts our ears?

On soft Pacific slopes, -- beside Strange floods that northward rave and fall, --Where chafes Acadia's chainless tide --Thy sons await thy call. They wait; but some in exile, some With strangers housed, in stranger lands, --And some Canadian lips are dumb Beneath Egyptian sands.

O mystic Nile! Thy secret yields Before us; thy most ancient dreams Are mixed with far Canadian fields And murmur of Canadian streams.

But thou, my country, dream not thou!
Wake, and behold how night is done, -How on thy breast, and o'er thy brow,
Bursts the uprising sun!

#### **Canadian Streams**

O rivers rolling to the sea From lands that bear the maple-tree, How swell your voices with the strain Of loyalty and liberty!

A holy music, heard in vain By coward heart and sordid brain, To whom this strenuous being seems Naught but a greedy race for gain.

O unsung streams--not splendid themes Ye lack to fire your patriot dreams! Annals of glory gild your waves, Hope freights your tides, Canadian streams!

St. Lawrence, whose wide water laves The shores that ne'er have nourished slaves! Swift Richelieu of lilied fame! Niagara of glorious graves!

Thy rapids, Ottawa, proclaim Where Daulac and his heroes came! Thy tides, St. John, declare La Tour, And, later, many a loyal name!

Thou inland stream, whose vales, secure From storm, Tecumseh's death made poor! And thou small water, red with war, 'Twixt Beaubassin and Beauséjour!

Dread Saguenay, where eagles soar, What voice shall from the bastioned shore The tale of Roberval reveal, Or his mysterious fate deplore?

Annapolis, do thy floods yet feel Faint memories of Champlain's keel, Thy pulses yet the deed repeat Of Poutrincourt and d'Iberville?

And thou far tide, whose plains now beat With march of myriad weathering feet, Saskatchewan, whose virgin sod So late Canadian blood made sweet?

Your bulwark hills, your valleys broad, Streams where de Salaberry trod, Where Wolfe achieved, where Brock was slain,--Their voices are the voice of God!

O sacred waters! not in vain, Across Canadian height and plain, Ye sound us in triumphant tone The summons of your high refrain.

### **Grey Rocks, and Greyer Sea**

Grey rocks, and greyer sea, And surf along the shore --And in my heart a name My lips shall speak no more.

The high and lonely hills
Endure the darkening year -And in my heart endure
A memory and a tear.

Across the tide a sail
That tosses, and is gone -And in my heart the kiss
That longing dreams upon.

Grey rocks, and greyer sea, And surf along the shore --And in my heart the face That I shall see no more.

### **Hilltop Song**

When the lights come out in the cottages Along the shores at eve, And across the darkening water The last pale colours leave;

And up from the rock-ridged pasture slopes The sheep-bell tinklings steal, And the folds are shut, and the shepherds Turn to their quiet meal;

And even here, on the unfenced height, No journeying wind goes by, But the earth-sweet smells and the home-sweet sounds Mount, like prayer, to the sky;

Then from the door of my opened heart Old blindness and pride are driven, Till I know how high is the humble, The dear earth how close to heaven.

### In an Old Barn

Tons upon tons the brown-green fragrant hay
O'erbrims the mows beyond the time-warped eaves,
Up to the rafters where the spider weaves,
Though few flies wander his secluded way.
Through a high chink one lonely golden ray,
Wherein the dust is dancing, slants unstirred.
In the dry hush some rustlings light are heard,
Of winter-hidden mice at furtive play.
Far down, the cattle in their shadowed stalls,
Nose-deep in clover fodder's meadowy scent,
Forget the snows that whelm their pasture streams,
The frost that bites the world beyond their walls.
Warm housed, they dream of summer, well content
In day-long contemplation of their dreams.

### **Monition**

A faint wind, blowing from World's End,
Made strange the city street.
A strange sound mingled in the fall
Of the familiar feet.
Something unseen whirled with the leaves
To tap on door and sill.
Something unknown went whispering by
Even when the wind was still.
And men looked up with startled eyes
And hurried on their way,
As if they had been called, and told
How brief their day.

### O Earth, Sufficing All our Needs

O earth, sufficing all our needs, O you
With room for body and for spirit too,
How patient while your children vex their souls
Devising alien heavens beyond your blue!
Dear dwelling of the immortal and unseen,
How obstinate in my blindness have I been,
Not comprehending what your tender calls,
Veiled promises and reassurance, mean.
Not far and cold the way that they have gone
Who through your sundering darkness have withdrawn;
Almost within our hand-reach they remain
Who pass beyond the sequence of the dawn.

Not far and strange the Heaven, but very near, Your children's hearts unknowingly hold dear.
At times we almost catch the door swung wide. An unforgotten voice almost we hear.

I am the heir of Heaven -- and you are just. You, you alone I know -- and you I trust. I have sought God beyond His farthest star --But here I find Him, in your quickening dust.

### **Philander's Song**

(from "The Sprightly Pilgrim")
I sat and read Anacreon.
Moved by the gay, delicious measure
I mused that lips were made for love,
And love to charm a poet's leisure.
And as I mused a maid came by
With something in her look that caught me.
Forgotten was Anacreon's line,
But not the lesson he had taught me.

### **Tantramar Revisited**

Summers and summers have come, and gone with the flight of the swallow; Sunshine and thunder have been, storm, and winter, and frost; Many and many a sorrow has all but died from remembrance, Many a dream of joy fall'n in the shadow of pain. Hands of chance and change have marred, or moulded, or broken, Busy with spirit or flesh, all I most have adored; Even the bosom of Earth is strewn with heavier shadows, -- Only in these green hills, aslant to the sea, no change! Here where the road that has climbed from the inland valleys and woodlands, Dips from the hill-tops down, straight to the base of the hills, -- Here, from my vantage-ground, I can see the scattering houses, Stained with time, set warm in orchards, meadows, and wheat, Dotting the broad bright slopes outspread to southward and eastward, Wind-swept all day long, blown by the south-east wind.

Skirting the sunbright uplands stretches a riband of meadow, Shorn of the labouring grass, bulwarked well from the sea, Fenced on its seaward border with long clay dykes from the turbid Surge and flow of the tides vexing the Westmoreland shores. Yonder, toward the left, lie broad the Westmoreland marshes, -- Miles on miles they extend, level, and grassy, and dim, Clear from the long red sweep of flats to the sky in the distance, Save for the outlying heights, green-rampired Cumberland Point; Miles on miles outrolled, and the river-channels divide them, -- Miles on miles of green, barred by the hurtling gusts.

Miles on miles beyond the tawny bay is Minudie.
There are the low blue hills; villages gleam at their feet.
Nearer a white sail shines across the water, and nearer
Still are the slim, grey masts of fishing boats dry on the flats.
Ah, how well I remember those wide red flats, above tide-mark
Pale with scurf of the salt, seamed and baked in the sun!
Well I remember the piles of blocks and ropes, and the net-reels
Wound with the beaded nets, dripping and dark from the sea!
Now at this season the nets are unwound; they hang from the rafters
Over the fresh-stowed hay in upland barns, and the wind
Blows all day through the chinks, with the streaks of sunlight, and sways them
Softly at will; or they lie heaped in the gloom of a loft.

Now at this season the reels are empty and idle; I see them Over the lines of the dykes, over the gossiping grass. Now at this season they swing in the long strong wind, thro' the lonesome Golden afternoon, shunned by the foraging gulls. Near about sunset the crane will journey homeward above them; Round them, under the moon, all the calm night long, Winnowing soft grey wings of marsh-owls wander and wander, Now to the broad, lit marsh, now to the dusk of the dike. Soon, thro' their dew-wet frames, in the live keen freshness of morning, Out of the teeth of the dawn blows back the awakening wind. Then, as the blue day mounts, and the low-shot shafts of the sunlight Glance from the tide to the shore, gossamers jewelled with dew Sparkle and wave, where late sea-spoiling fathoms of drift-net

Myriad-meshed, uploomed sombrely over the land.

Well I remember it all. The salt, raw scent of the margin; While, with men at the windlass, groaned each reel, and the net, Surging in ponderous lengths, uprose and coiled in its station; Then each man to his home, -- well I remember it all!

Yet, as I sit and watch, this present peace of the landscape, -Stranded boats, these reels empty and idle, the hush,
One grey hawk slow-wheeling above yon cluster of haystacks, -More than the old-time stir this stillness welcomes me home.
Ah, the old-time stir, how once it stung me with rapture, -Old-time sweetness, the winds freighted with honey and salt!
Yet will I stay my steps and not go down to the marshland, -Muse and recall far off, rather remember than see, -Lest on too close sight I miss the darling illusion,
Spy at their task even here the hands of chance and change.

### The Aim

O thou who lovest not alone The swift success, the instant goal, But hast a lenient eye to mark The failures of th' inconstant soul,

Consider not my little worth,-The mean achievement, scamped in act,
The high resolve and low result,
The dream that durst not face the fact.

But count the reach of my desire. Let this be something in Thy sight:--I have not, in the slothful dark, Forgot the Vision and the Height.

Neither my body nor my soul To earth's low ease will yield consent. I praise Thee for my will to strive. I bless Thy goad of discontent.

### The Autumn Thistles

The morning sky is white with mist, the earth White with the inspiration of the dew. The harvest light is on the hills anew, And cheer in the grave acres' fruitful girth. Only in this high pasture is there dearth, Where the gray thistles crowd in ranks austere, As if the sod, close-cropt for many a year, Brought only bane and bitterness to birth.

But in the crisp air's amethystine wave
How the harsh stalks are washed with radiance now,
How gleams the harsh turf where the crickets lie
Dew-freshened in their burnished armour brave!
Since earth could not endure nor heaven allow
Aught of unlovely in the morn's clear eye.

## The Clearing

Stumps, and harsh rocks, and prostrate trunks all charred, And gnarled roots naked to the sun and rain,-They seem in their grim stillness to complain,
And be their paint the evening peace is jarred.
These ragged acres fire and the axe have scarred,
And many summers not assuaged their pain.
In vain the pink and saffron light, in vain
The pale dew on the hillocks stripped and marred!

But here and there the waste is touched with cheer Where spreads the fire-weed like a crimson flood And venturous plumes of golden-rod appear; And round the blackened fence the great boughs lean With comfort; and across the solitude The hermit's holy transport peals serene.

#### The Cow Pasture

I see the harsh, wind-ridden, eastward hill,
By the red cattle pastured, blanched with dew;
The small, mossed hillocks where the clay gets through;
The grey webs woven on milkweed tops at will.
The sparse, pale grasses flicker, and are still.
The empty flats yearn seaward. All the view
Is naked to the horizon's utmost blue;
And the bleak spaces stir me with strange thrill.
Not in perfection dwells the subtler power
To pierce our mean content, but rather works
Through incompletion, and the need that irks, -Not in the flower, but effort toward the flower.
When the want stirs, when the soul's cravings urge,
The strong earth strengthens, and the clean heavens purge.

# The Departing of Gluskâp

It is so long ago; and men well-nigh
Forget what gladness was, and how the earth
Gave corn in plenty, and the rivers fish,
And the woods meat, before he went away.
His going was on this wise.

All the works And words and ways of men and beasts became Evil, and all their thoughts continually Were but of evil. Then he made a feast. Upon the shore that is beside the sea That takes the setting sun, he ordered it, And called the beasts thereto. Only the men He called not, seeing them evil utterly. He fed the panther's crafty brood, and filled The lean wolf's hunger; from the hollow tree His honey stayed the bear's terrific jaws; And the brown rabbit couched at peace, within The circling shadow of the eagle's wings. And when the feast was done he told them all That now, because their ways were evil grown, On that same day he must depart from them, And they should look upon his face no more. Then all the beasts were very sorrowful.

It was near sunset, and the wind was still, And down the yellow shore a thin wave washed Slowly; and Gluskâp launched his birch canoe, And spread his yellow sail, and moved from shore, Though no wind followed, streaming in the sail, Or roughening the clear waters after him. And all the beasts stood by the shore, and watched. Then to the west appeared a long red trail Over the wave; and Gluskâp sailed and sang Till the canoe grew little, like a bird, And black, and vanished in the shining trail. And when the beasts could see his form no more, They still could hear him, singing as he sailed, And still they listened, hanging down their heads In long row, where the thin wave washed and fled. But when the sound of singing died, and when They lifted up their voices in their grief, Lo! on the mouth of every beast a strange New tongue! Then rose they all and fled apart, Nor met again in council from that day.

### **The Frosted Pane**

One night came Winter noiselessly, and leaned Against my window-pane.
In the deep stillness of his heart convened The ghosts of all his slain.
Leaves, and ephemera, and stars of earth, And fugitives of grass, -White spirits loosed from bonds of mortal birth, He drew them on the glass.

### The Great and Little Weavers

The great and the little weavers,
They neither rest nor sleep.
They work in the height and the glory,
They toil in the dark and the deep.
The rainbow melts with the shower,
The white-thorn falls in the gust,
The cloud-rose dies into shadow,
The earth-rose dies into dust.
But they have not faded forever,
They have not flowered in vain,
For the great and the little weavers
Are weaving under the rain.

Recede the drums of the thunder When the Titan chorus tires, And the bird-song piercing the sunset Faints with the sunset fires,

But the trump of the storm shall fail not, Nor the flute-cry fail of the thrush, For the great and the little weavers Are weaving under the hush.

The comet flares into darkness, The flame dissolves into death, The power of the star and the dew They glow and are gone like a breath,

But ere the old wonder is done
Is the new-old wonder begun,
For the great and the little weavers
Are weaving under the sun.

The domes of an empire crumble, A child's hope dies in tears; Time rolls them away forgotten In the silt of the flooding years;

The creed for which men died smiling Decays to a beldame's curse; The love that made lips immortal Drags by in a tattered hearse.

But not till the search of the moon Sees the last white face uplift, And over the bones of the kindreds The bare sands dredge and drift,

Shall Love forget to return And lift the unused latch, (In his eyes the look of the traveller, On his lips the foreign catch), Nor the mad song leave men cold, Nor the high dream summon in vain, --For the great and the little weavers Are weaving in heart and brain.

### The Hawkbit

How sweetly on the autumn scene, When haws are red amid the green, The hawkbit shines with face of cheer, The favorite of the faltering year!

When days grow short and nights grow cold, How fairly gleams its eye of gold On pastured field and grassy hill, Along the roadside and the rill!

It seems the spirit of a flower, This offspring of the autumn hour, Wandering back to earth to bring Some kindly afterthought of spring.

A dandelion's ghost might so Amid Elysian meadows blow, Become more fragile and more fine Breathing the atmosphere divine.

# The Herring Weir

Back to the green deeps of the outer bay
The red and amber currents glide and cringe,
Diminishing behind a luminous fringe
Of cream-white surf and wandering wraiths of spray.
Stealthily, in the old reluctant way,
The red flats are uncovered, mile on mile,
To glitter in the sun a golden while.
Far down the flats, a phantom sharply grey,
The herring weir emerges, quick with spoil.
Slowly the tide forsakes it. Then draws near,
Descending from the farm-house on the height,
A cart, with gaping tubs. The oxen toil
Sombrely o'er the level to the weir,
And drag a long black trail across the light.

## The Iceberg

I was spawned from the glacier,
A thousand miles due north
Beyond Cape Chidley;
And the spawning,
When my vast, wallowing bulk went under,
Emerged and heaved aloft,
Shaking down cataracts from its rocking sides,
With mountainous surge and thunder
Outraged the silence of the Arctic sea.

Before I was thrust forth
A thousand years I crept,
Crawling, crawling, crawling irresistibly,
Hid in the blue womb of the eternal ice,
While under me the tortured rock
Groaned,
And over me the immeasurable desolation slept.

Under the pallid dawning
Of the lidless Arctic day
Forever no life stirred.
No wing of bird -Of ghostly owl low winnowing
Or fleet-winged ptarmigan fleeing the pounce of death, -No foot of backward-glancing fox
Half glimpsed, and vanishing like a breath, -No lean and gauntly stalking bear,
Stalking his prey.
Only the white sun, circling the white sky.
Only the wind screaming perpetually.

And then the night --The long night, naked, high over the roof of the world, Where time seemed frozen in the cold of space, --Now black, and torn with cry Of unseen voices where the storm raged by, Now radiant with spectral light As the vault of heaven split wide To let the flaming Polar cohorts through, And close ranked spears of gold and blue, Thin scarlet and thin green, Hurtled and clashed across the sphere And hissed in sibilant whisperings, And died. And then the stark moon, swinging low, Silver, indifferent, serene, Over the sheeted snow.

But now, an Alp afloat, In seizure of the surreptitious tide, Began my long drift south to a remote And unimagined doom. Scornful of storm,
Unjarred by thunderous buffetting of seas,
Shearing the giant floes aside,
Ploughing the wide-flung ice-fields in a spume
That smoked far up my ponderous flanks,
Onward I fared,
My ice-blue pinnacles rendering back the sun
In darts of sharp radiance;
My bases fathoms deep in the dark profound.

And now around me Life and the frigid waters all aswarm. The smooth wave creamed With tiny capelin and the small pale squid, --So pale the light struck through them. Gulls and gannets screamed Over the feast, and gorged themselves, and rose, A clamour of weaving wings, and hid Momently my face. The great bull whales With cavernous jaws agape, Scooped in the spoil, and slept, Their humped forms just awash, and rocking softly, --Or sounded down, down to the deeps, and nosed Along my ribbed and sunken roots, And in the green gloom scattered the pasturing cod.

And so I voyaged on, down the dim parallels, Convoyed by fields Of countless calving seals Mild-featured, innocent-eyed, and unforeknowing The doom of the red flenching knives. I passed the storm-racked gate Of Hudson Strait, And savage Chidley where the warring tides In white wrath seethe forever. Down along the sounding shore Of iron-fanged, many-watered Labrador Slow weeks I shaped my course, and saw Dark Mokkowic and dark Napiskawa, And came at last off lone Belle Isle, the bane Of ships and snare of bergs. Here, by the deep conflicting currents drawn, I hung, And swung, The inland voices Gulfward calling me To ground amid my peers on the alien strand And roam no more. But then an off-shore wind, A great wind fraught with fate, Caught me and pressed me back, And I resumed my solitary way.

Slowly I bore
South-east by bastioned Bauld,
And passed the sentinel light far-beaming late
Along the liners' track,
And slanted out Atlanticwards, until
Above the treacherous swaths of fog
Faded from the view the loom of Newfoundland.

Beautiful, ethereal In the blue sparkle of the gleaming day, A soaring miracle Of white immensity, I was the cynosure of passing ships That wondered and were gone, Their wreathed smoke trailing them beyonf the verge. And when in the night they passed --The night of stars and calm, Forged up and passed, with churning surge And throb of huge propellers, and long-drawn Luminous wake behind, And sharp, small lights in rows, I lay a ghost of menace chill and still, A shape pearl-pale and monstrous, off to leeward, Blurring the thin horizon line.

Day dragged on day, And then came fog, By noon, blind-white, And in the night Black-thick and smothering the sight. Folded therein I waited, Waited I knew not what And heeded not, Greatly incurious and unconcerned. I heard the small waves lapping along my base, Lipping and whispering, lisping with bated breath A casual expectancy of death. I heard remote The deep, far carrying note Blown from the hoarse and hollow throat Of some lone tanker groping on her course. Louder and louder rose the sound In deepening diapason, then passed on, Diminishing, and dying, --And silence closed around. And in the silence came again Those stealthy voices, That whispering of death.

And then I heard
The thud of screws approaching.
Near and more near,
Louder and yet more loud,
Through the thick dark I heard it, -The rush and hiss of waters as she ploughed
Head on, unseen, unseeing,
Toward where I stood across her path, invisible.
And then a startled blare
Of horror close re-echoing, -- a glare
Of sudden, stabbing searchlights
That but obscurely pierced the gloom;
And there
I towered, a dim immensity of doom.

A roar
Of tortured waters as the giant screws,
Reversed, thundered full steam astern.
Yet forward still she drew, until,
Slow answering desperate helm,
She swerved, and all her broadside came in view,
Crawling beneath me;
And for a moment I saw faces, blanched,
Stiffly agape, turned upward, and wild eyes
Astare; and one long, quavering cry went up
As a submerged horn gored her through and through,
Ripping her beam wide open;
And sullenly she listed, till her funnels
Crashed on my steep,
And men sprang, stumbling, for the boats.

But now, my deep foundations Mined by those warmer seas, the hour had come When I must change. Slowly I leaned above her, Slowly at first, then faster, And icy fragments rained upon her decks. Then my enormous mass descended on her, A falling mountain, all obliterating, --And the confusion of thin, wailing cries, The Babel of shouts and prayers And shriek of steam escaping Suddenly died. And I rolled over, Wallowing, And once more came to rest, My long hid bases heaved up high in air.

And now, from fogs emerging, I traversed blander seas, Forgot the fogs, the scourging Of sleet-whipped gales, forgot My austere origin, my tremendous birth, My journeyings, and that last cataclysm Of overwhelming ruin. My squat, pale, alien bulk Basked in the ambient sheen; And all about me, league on league outspread, A gulf of indigo and green. I laughed in the light waves laced with white, --Nor knew How swiftly shrank my girth Under their sly caresses, how the breath Of that soft wind sucked up my strength, nor how The sweet, insidious fingers of the sun Their stealthy depredations wrought upon me.

Slowly now
I drifted, dreaming.
I saw the flying-fish
With silver gleaming
Flash from the peacock-bosomed wave
And flicker through an arc of sunlit air
Back to their element, desperate to elude
The jaws of the pursuing albacore.

Day after day I swung in the unhasting tide. Sometimes I saw the dolphin folk at play, Their lithe sides iridescent-dyed, Unheeding in their speed That long grey wraith, The shark that followed hungering beneath. Sometimes I saw a school Of porpoise rolling by In ranked array, Emerging and submerging rhythmically, Their blunt black bodies heading all one way Until they faded In the horizon's dazzling line of light. Night after night I followed the low, large moon across the sky, Or counted the large stars on the purple dark, The while I wasted, wasted and took no thought, In drowsed entrancement caught; --Until one noon a wave washed over me, Breathed low a sobbing sigh, Foamed indolently, and passed on;

And then I knew my empery was gone; As I, too, soon must go. Nor was I ill content to have it so.

Another night Gloomed o'er my sight, With cloud, and flurries of warm, wild rain. Another day, Dawning delectably With amber and scarlet stain, Swept on its way, Glowing and shimmering with heavy heat. A lazing tuna rose And nosed me curiously, And shouldered me aside in brusque disdain, So had I fallen from my high estate. A foraging gull Stooped over me, touched me with webbed pink feet, And wheeled and skreeled away, Indignant at the chill.

Last I became
A little glancing globe of cold
That slid and sparkled on the slow-pulsed swell.
And then my fragile, scintillating frame
Dissolved in ecstasy
Of many coloured light,
And I breathed up my soul into the air
And merged forever in the all-solvent sea.

#### The Potato Harvest

A high bare field, brown from the plough, and borne Aslant from sunset; amber wastes of sky Washing the ridge; a clamour of crows that fly In from the wide flats where the spent tides mourn To yon their rocking roosts in pines wind-torn; A line of grey snake-fence, that zigzags by A pond and cattle; from the homestead nigh The long deep summonings of the supper horn. Black on the ridge, against that lonely flush, A cart, and stoop-necked oxen; ranged beside Some barrels; and the day-worn harvest-folk, Here emptying their baskets, jar the hush With hollow thunders. Down the dusk hillside Lumbers the wain; and day fades out like smoke.

#### The Recessional

Now along the solemn heights Fade the Autumn's altar-lights; Down the great earth's glimmering chancel Glide the days and nights.

Little kindred of the grass, Like a shadow in a glass Falls the dark and falls the stillness; We must rise and pass.

We must rise and follow, wending Where the nights and days have ending, -- Pass in order pale and slow Unto sleep extending.

Little brothers of the clod, Soul of fire and seed of sod, We must fare into the silence At the knees of God.

Little comrades of the sky, Wing to wing we wander by, Going, going, going, going, Softly as a sigh.

Hark, the moving shapes confer, Globe of dew and gossamer, Fading and ephemeral spirits In the dusk astir.

Moth and blossom, blade and bee, Worlds must go as well as we, In the long procession joining Mount and star and sea.

Toward the shadowy brink we climb Where the round year rolls sublime, Rolls, and drops, and falls forever In the vast of time.

Like a plummet plunging deep Past the utmost reach of sleep, Till remembrance has no longer Care to laugh or weep.

### **The Salt Flats**

Here clove the keels of centuries ago
Where now unvisited the flats lie bare.
Here seethed the sweep of journeying waters, where
No more the tumbling floods of Fundy flow,
And only in the samphire pipes creep slow
The salty currents of the sap. The air
Hums desolately with wings that seaward fare,
Over the lonely reaches beating low.
The wastes of hard and meagre weeds are thronged
With murmurs of a past that time has wronged;
And ghosts of many an ancient memory
Dwell by the brackish pools and ditches blind,
In these low-lying pastures of the wind,
These marshes pale and meadows by the sea.

#### The Skater

My glad feet shod with the glittering steel I was the god of the wingèd heel. The hills in the far white sky were lost; The world lay still in the wide white frost; And the woods hung hushed in their long white dream By the ghostly, glimmering, ice-blue stream. Here was a pathway, smooth like glass, Where I and the wandering wind might pass To the far-off palaces, drifted deep, Where Winter's retinue rests in sleep.

I followed the lure, I fled like a bird, Till the startled hollows awoke and heard

A spinning whisper, a sibilant twang, As the stroke of the steel on the tense ice rang;

And the wandering wind was left behind As faster, faster I followed my mind;

Till the blood sang high in my eager brain, And the joy of my flight was almost pain.

The I stayed the rush of my eager speed And silently went as a drifting seed, --

Slowly, furtively, till my eyes Grew big with the awe of a dim surmise,

And the hair of my neck began to creep At hearing the wilderness talk in sleep.

Shapes in the fir-gloom drifted near. In the deep of my heart I heard my fear.

And I turned and fled, like a soul pursued, From the white, inviolate solitude.

# The Solitary Woodsman

When the grey lake-water rushes
Past the dripping alder-bushes,
And the bodeful autumn wind
In the fir-tree weeps and hushes, -When the air is sharply damp
Round the solitary camp,
And the moose-bush in the thicket
Glimmers like a scarlet lamp, -When the birches twinkle yellow,
And the cornel bunches mellow,
And the owl across the twilight
Trumpets to his downy fellow, --

When the nut-fed chipmunks romp Through the maples' crimson pomp, And the slim viburnum flushes In the darkness of the swamp, --

When the blueberries are dead, When the rowan clusters red, And the shy bear, summer-sleekened, In the bracken makes his bed, --

On a day there comes once more To the latched and lonely door, Down the wood-road striding silent, One who has been here before.

Green spruce branches for his head, Here he makes his simple bed, Crouching with the sun, and rising When the dawn is frosty red.

All day long he wanders wide With the grey moss for his guide, And his lonely axe-stroke startles The expectant forest-side.

Toward the quiet close of day Back to camp he takes his way, And about his sober footsteps Unafraid the squirrels play.

On his roof the red leaf falls, At his door the bluejay calls, And he hears the wood-mice hurry Up and down his rough log walls;

Hears the laughter of the loon Thrill the dying afternoon; Hears the calling of the moose Echo to the early moon. And he hears the partridge drumming, The belated hornet humming, --All the faint, prophetic sounds That foretell the winter's coming.

And the wind about his eaves Through the chilly night-wet grieves, And the earth's dumb patience fills him, Fellow to the falling leaves.

#### The Sower

A brown sad-coloured hillside, where the soil, Fresh from the frequent harrow, deep and fine, Lies bare; no break in the remote sky-line, Save where a flock of pigeons streams aloft, Startled from feed in some low-lying croft, Or far-off spires with yellow of sunset shine; And here the Sower, unwittingly divine, Exerts the silent forethought of his toil.

Alone he treads the glebe, his measured stride Dumb in the yielding soil; and tho' small joy Dwell in his heavy face, as spreads the blind Pale grain from his dispensing palm aside, This plodding churl grows great in his employ;-Godlike, he makes provision for mankind.

# Twilight on Sixth Avenue at Ninth Street

Over the tops of the houses Twilight and sunset meet. The green, diaphanous dusk Sinks to the eager street.

Astray in the tangle of roofs
Wanders a wind of June.
The dial shines in the clock-tower
Like the face of a strange-scrawled moon.

The narrowing lines of the houses Palely begin to gleam, And the hurrying crowds fade softly Like an army in a dream.

Above the vanishing faces
A phantom train flares on
With a voice that shakes the shadows, -Diminishes, and is gone.

And I walk with the journeying throng In such a solitude
As where a lonely ocean Washes a lonely wood.

# **Wayfarer of Earth**

Up, heart of mine,
Thou wayfarer of Earth!
Of seed divine,
Be mindful of thy birth.
Though the flesh faint
Through long-endured constraint
Of nights and days,
Lift up thy praise
To Life, that set thee in such strenuous ways,
And left thee not
To drowse and rot
In some thick-perfumed and luxurious plot.

Strong, strong is Earth, With vigour for thy feet, To make thy wayfaring Tireless and fleet. And good is Earth–But Earth not all thy good, O thou with seed of suns And star-fire in thy blood.

And though thou feel
The slow clog of the hours
Leaden upon thy heel,
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Put forth thy powers.
Thine the deep sky,
The unpreëmpted blue,
The haste of storm,
The hush of dew.
Thine, thine the free
Exalt of star and tree,
The reinless run
Of wind and sun,
The vagrance of the sea!

# When The Sleepy Man Comes

When the Sleepy Man comes with the dust on his eyes, (Oh, weary, my Dearie, so weary!) He shuts up the earth, and he opens the skies. (So hush-a-by, weary my Dearie!)

He smiles through his fingers, and shuts up the sun; (Oh, weary, my Dearie, so weary!)
The stars that he loves he lets out one by one.
(So hush-a-by, weary my Dearie!)

He comes from the castles of Drowsy-boy Town; (Oh, weary, my Dearie, so weary!) At the touch of his hand the tired eyelids fall down. (So hush-a-by, weary my Dearie!)

He comes with a murmur of dream in his wings; (Oh, weary, my Dearie, so weary!) And whispers of mermaids and wonderful things. (So hush-a-by, weary my Dearie!)

Then the top is a burden, the bugle a bane; (Oh, weary, my Dearie, so weary!) When one would be faring down Dream-a-way Lane. (So hush-a-by, weary my Dearie!)

When one would be wending in Lullaby Wherry, (Oh, weary, my Dearie, so weary!)
To Sleepy Man's Castle, by Comforting Ferry. (So hush-a-by, weary my Dearie!)