**Classic Poetry Series** 

# Lord John Wilmot - poems -

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# Lord John Wilmot(1647 - 1680)

Wilmot was born at Ditchley in Oxfordshire, England. He was the son of a Cavalier hero and his deeply religious wife. By the age of eighteen he had already been involved in a number of affairs, one of which resulted in the birth of an illegitimate daughter. In 1665 he kidnapped the much sought after heiress Elizabeth Malet, whom he later married. His rakish lifestyle and wit earned him the favour of Charles II and he remained a favourite of the king even though he was banished from the court on a number of occasions.

Wilmot's poetry often expresses a feeling of disgust at the futile nature of his life, a life he seemed to repent for during its last year, whilst being cared for by the rising Anglican Bishop, Gilbert Burnet. Wilmot's work gives great insight into the over-indulgent lifestyles led in the court of Charles II and he writes more frankly about sex than any previous writers in the seventeenth century. He influenced and was admired by a large number of poets including John Dryden, Jonathan Swift and Alexander Pope. He was also known to be a great patron of writers, if a little unpredictable with his support.

# A Fragment Of Seneca Translated

After Death nothing is, and nothing, death, The utmost limit of a gasp of breath. Let the ambitious zealot lay aside His hopes of heaven, whose faith is but his pride; Let slavish souls lay by their fear Nor be concerned which way nor where After this life they shall be hurled. Dead, we become the lumber of the world, And to that mass of matter shall be swept Where things destroyed with things unborn are kept. Devouring time swallows us whole. Impartial death confounds body and soul. For Hell and the foul fiend that rules God's everlasting fiery jails (Devised by rogues, dreaded by fools), With his grim, grisly dog that keeps the door, Are senseless stories, idle tales, Dreams, whimseys, and no more.

#### A Satyre Against Mankind

Were I - who to my cost already am One of those strange, prodigious creatures, man -A spirit free to choose for my own share What sort of flesh and blood I pleased to wear, I'd be a dog, a monkey, or a bear, Or anything but that vain animal, Who is so proud of being rational.

His senses are too gross; and he'll contrive A sixth, to contradict the other five; And before certain instinct will prefer Reason, which fifty times for one does err. Reason, an ignis fatuus of the mind, Which leaving light of nature, sense, behind, Pathless and dangerous wand'ring ways it takes, Through Error's fenny bogs and thorny brakes; Whilst the misguided follower climbs with pain Mountains of whimseys, heaped in his own brain; Stumbling from thought to thought, falls headlong down, Into Doubt's boundless sea where, like to drown, Books bear him up awhile, and make him try To swim with bladders of Philosophy; In hopes still to o'ertake the escaping light; The vapour dances, in his dancing sight, Till spent, it leaves him to eternal night. Then old age and experience, hand in hand, Lead him to death, make him to understand, After a search so painful, and so long, That all his life he has been in the wrong:

Huddled In dirt the reasoning engine lies, Who was so proud, so witty, and so wise. Pride drew him in, as cheats their bubbles catch, And made him venture; to be made a wretch. His wisdom did has happiness destroy, Aiming to know that world he should enjoy; And Wit was his vain, frivolous pretence Of pleasing others, at his own expense. For wits are treated just like common whores, First they're enjoyed, and then kicked out of doors; The pleasure past, a threatening doubt remains, That frights th' enjoyer with succeeding pains: Women and men of wit are dangerous tools, And ever fatal to admiring fools. Pleasure allures, and when the fops escape, 'Tis not that they're beloved, but fortunate, And therefore what they fear, at heart they hate:

But now, methinks some formal band and beard Takes me to task; come on sir, I'm prepared:

"Then by your Favour, anything that's writ Against this jibing, jingling knack called Wit Likes me abundantly: but you take care Upon this point not to be too severe. Perhaps my Muse were fitter for this part, For I profess I can be very smart On Wit, which I abhor with all my heart; I long to lash it in some sharp essay, But your grand indiscretion bids me stay, And turns my tide of ink another way. What rage Torments in your degenerate mind, To make you rail at reason, and mankind Blessed glorious man! To whom alone kind heaven An everlasting soul hath freely given; Whom his great maker took such care to make, That from himself he did the image take; And this fair frame in shining reason dressed, To dignify his nature above beast. Reason, by whose aspiring influence We take a flight beyond material sense, Dive into mysteries, then soaring pierce The flaming limits of the universe, Search heaven and hell, Find out what's acted there, And give the world true grounds of hope and fear."

Hold mighty man, I cry, all this we know, From the pathetic pen of Ingelo; From Patrlck's Pilgrim, Sibbes' Soliloquies, And 'tis this very reason I despise, This supernatural gift that makes a mite Think he's an image of the infinite; Comparing his short life, void of all rest, To the eternal, and the ever-blessed. This busy, pushing stirrer-up of doubt, That frames deep mysteries, then finds them out; Filling with frantic crowds of thinking fools The reverend bedlam's, colleges and schools; Borne on whose wings each heavy sot can pierce The limits of the boundless universe; So charming ointments make an old witch fly, And bear a crippled carcass through the sky. 'Tis the exalted power whose business lies In nonsense and impossibilities. This made a whimsical philosopher Before the spacious world his tub prefer, And we have modern cloistered coxcombs, who Retire to think 'cause they have nought to do. But thoughts are given for action's government; Where action ceases, thought's impertinent: Our sphere of action is life's happiness, And he that thinks beyond thinks like an ass.

Thus, whilst against false reasoning I inveigh. I own right reason, which I would obey: That reason which distinguishes by sense, And gives us rules of good and ill from thence; That bounds desires. with a reforming will To keep 'em more in vigour, not to kill. -Your reason hinders, mine helps to enjoy, Renewing appetites yours would destroy. My reason is my friend, yours is a cheat, Hunger calls out, my reason bids me eat; Perversely. yours your appetite does mock: This asks for food, that answers, 'what's o'clock' This plain distinction, sir, your doubt secures, 'Tis not true reason I despise, but yours. Thus I think reason righted, but for man, I'll ne'er recant, defend him if you can: For all his pride, and his philosophy, 'Tis evident: beasts are in their own degree As wise at least, and better far than he.

Those creatures are the wisest who attain. -By surest means. the ends at which they aim. If therefore Jowler finds and kills the hares, Better than Meres supplies committee chairs; Though one's a statesman, th' other but a hound, Jowler in justice would be wiser found. You see how far man's wisdom here extends. Look next if human nature makes amends; Whose principles are most generous and just, - And to whose morals you would sooner trust:

Be judge yourself, I'll bring it to the test, Which is the basest creature, man or beast Birds feed on birds, beasts on each other prey, But savage man alone does man betray: Pressed by necessity; they kill for food, Man undoes man, to do himself no good. With teeth and claws, by nature armed, they hunt Nature's allowance, to supply their want. But man, with smiles, embraces. friendships. Praise, Inhumanely his fellow's life betrays; With voluntary pains works his distress, Not through necessity, but wantonness. For hunger or for love they bite, or tear, Whilst wretched man is still in arms for fear. For fear he arms, and is of arms afraid: From fear, to fear, successively betrayed. Base fear, the source whence his best passions came. His boasted honour, and his dear-bought fame. The lust of power, to whom he's such a slave, And for the which alone he dares be brave; To which his various projects are designed, Which makes him generous, affable, and kind. For which he takes such pains to be thought wise, And screws his actions, in a forced disguise; Leads a most tedious life in misery, Under laborious, mean hypocrisy. Look to the bottom of his vast design, Wherein man's wisdom, power, and glory join: The good he acts. the ill he does endure. 'Tis all from fear, to make himself secure. Merely for safety after fame they thirst,

For all men would be cowards if they durst. And honesty's against all common sense, Men must be knaves, 'tis in their own defence. Mankind's dishonest: if you think it fair Among known cheats to play upon the square, You'll be undone. Nor can weak truth your reputation save, The knaves will all agree to call you knave.

Wronged shall he live, insulted o'er, oppressed,

Who dares be less a villain than the rest.

Thus sir, you see what human nature craves, Most men are cowards, all men should be knaves; The difference lies, as far as I can see. Not in the thing itself, but the degree; And all the subject matter of debate Is only, who's a knave of the first rate

All this with indignation have I hurled At the pretending part of the proud world, Who, swollen with selfish vanity, devise, False freedoms, holy cheats, and formal lies, Over their fellow slaves to tyrannise.

But if in Court so just a man there be, (In Court, a just man - yet unknown to me) Who does his needful flattery direct Not to oppress and ruin, but protect: Since flattery, which way soever laid, Is still a tax: on that unhappy trade. If so upright a statesman you can find, Whose passions bend to his unbiased mind, Who does his arts and policies apply To raise his country, not his family; Nor while his pride owned avarice withstands, Receives close bribes, from friends corrupted hands.

Is there a churchman who on God relies Whose life, his faith and doctrine justifies Not one blown up, with vain prelatic pride, Who for reproofs of sins does man deride; Whose envious heart makes preaching a pretence With his obstreperous, saucy eloquence, To chide at kings, and rail at men of sense; Who from his pulpit vents more peevlsh lies, More bitter railings, scandals, calumnies, Than at a gossiping are thrown about When the good wives get drunk, and then fall out. None of that sensual tribe, whose talents lie In avarice, pride, sloth, and gluttony. Who hunt good livings; but abhor good lives, Whose lust exalted, to that height arrives, They act adultery with their own wives. And ere a score of years completed be, Can from the loftiest pulpit proudly see, Half a large parish their own progeny. Nor doting bishop, who would be adored For domineering at the Council board;

A greater fop, in business at fourscore, Fonder of serious toys, affected more, Than the gay, glittering fool at twenty proves, With all his noise, his tawdry clothes and loves. But a meek, humble man, of honest sense, Who preaching peace does practise continence; Whose pious life's a proof he does believe Mysterious truths which no man can conceive.

If upon Earth there dwell such god-like men, I'll here recant my paradox to them, Adores those shrines of virtue, homage pay, And with the rabble world their laws obey.

If such there are, yet grant me this at least, Man differs more from man than man from beast.

# A Song Of A Young Lady To Her Ancient Lover

Ancient Person, for whom I All the flattering youth defy, Long be it e'er thou grow old, Aching, shaking, crazy cold; But still continue as thou art, Ancient Person of my heart.

On thy withered lips and dry, Which like barren furrows lie, Brooding kisses I will pour, Shall thy youthful heart restore, Such kind show'rs in autumn fall, And a second spring recall; Nor from thee will ever part, Ancient Person of my heart.

Thy nobler parts, which but to name In our sex would be counted shame, By ages frozen grasp possest, From their ice shall be released, And, soothed by my reviving hand, In former warmth and vigour stand. All a lover's wish can reach, For thy joy my love shall teach; And for thy pleasure shall improve All that art can add to love. Yet still I love thee without art, Ancient Person of my heart.

#### A Woman's Honour

Love bade me hope, and I obeyed; Phyllis continued still unkind: Then you may e'en despair, he said, In vain I strive to change her mind.

Honour's got in, and keeps her heart, Durst he but venture once abroad, In my own right I'd take your part, And show myself the mightier God.

This huffing Honour domineers In breasts alone where he has place: But if true generous Love apppears, The hector dares not show his face.

Let me still languish and complain, Be most unhumanly denied: I have some pleasure in my pain, She can have none with all her pride.

I fall a sacrifice to Love, She lives a wretch for Honour's sake; Whose tyrant does most cruel prove, The difference is not hard to make.

Consider real Honour then, You'll find hers cannot be the same; 'Tis noble confidence in men, In women, mean, mistrustful shame.

### Absent Of Thee I Languish Still

Absent from thee I languish still; Then ask me not, when I return? The straying fool 'twill plainly kill To wish all day, all night to mourn.

Dear! from thine arms then let me fly, That my fantastic mind may prove The torments it deserves to try That tears my fixed heart from my love.

When, wearied with a world of woe, To thy safe bosom I retire where love and peace and truth does flow, May I contented there expire,

Lest, once more wandering from that heaven, I fall on some base heart unblest, Faithless to thee, false, unforgiven, And lose my everlasting rest.

#### Against Constancy

Tell me no more of constancy, The frivolous pretense Of old age, narrow jealousy, Disease, and want of sense.

Let duller fools on whom kind chance Some easy heart has thrown, Despairing higher to advance, Be kind to one alone.

Old men and weak, whose idle flame, Their own defects discovers, Since changing can but spread their shame, Ought to be constant lovers,

But we, whose hearts do justly swell With no vainglorious pride, Who know how we in love excel, Long to be often tried.

Then bring my bath and strew my bed, As each kind night returns: I'll change a mistress till I'm dead, And fate change me for worms.

### All My Past Life...

All my past life is mine no more, The flying hours are gone, Like transitory dreams given o'er, Whose images are kept in store By memory alone.

What ever is to come is not, How can it then be mine? The present moment's all my lot, And that as fast as it is got, Phyllis, is wholly thine.

Then talk not of inconstancy, False hearts, and broken vows, Ii, by miracle, can be, This live-long minute true to thee, 'Tis all that heaven allows.

#### Constancy

I cannot change, as others do, Though you unjustly scorn; Since that poor swain, that sighs for you For you alone was born. No, Phyllis, no, your heart to move A surer way I'll try: And to revenge my slighted love, Will still love on, will still love on, and die.

When, kill'd with grief, Amyntas lies;And you to mind shall callThe sighs that now unpitied rise;The tears that vainly fall:That welcome hour that ends this smart,Will then begin your pain;For such a faithful, tender heartCan never break, can never break in vain.

# Epitaph On Charles Ii

Here lies a great and mighty King, Whose promise none relied on; He never said a foolish thing, Nor ever did a wise one.

#### Give Me Leave To Rail At You

Give me leave to rail at you, -I ask nothing but my due: To call you false, and then to say You shall not keep my heart a day. But alas! against my will I must be your captive still. Ah! be kinder, then, for I Cannot change, and would not die.

Kindness has resistless charms; All besides but weakly move; Fiercest anger it disarms, And clips the wings of flying love. Beauty does the heart invade, Kindness only can persuade; It gilds the lover's servile chain, And makes the slave grow pleased again.

# God Bless Our Good And Gracious King

God bless our good and gracious kind, Whose promise none relies on, Who never said a foolish thing, Nor ever did a wise one.

# I Cannot Change, As Others Do

I cannot change, as others do, Though you unjustly scorn; Since that poor swain that sighs for you, For you alone was born. No, Phyllis, no, your heart to move A surer way I'll try: And to revenge my slighted love, Will still love on, will still love on, and die.

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# Love And Life

All my past life is mine no more, The flying hours are gone, Like transitory dreams giv'n o'er, Whose images are kept in store By memory alone.

The time that is to come is not; How can it then be mine? The present moment's all my lot; And that, as fast as it is got, Phyllis, is only thine.

Then talk not of inconstancy, False hearts, and broken vows; If I, by miracle, can be This live-long minute true to thee, 'Tis all that Heav'n allows.

#### My Dear Mistress Has A Heart

My dear mistress has a heart Soft as those kind looks she gave me, When with love's resistless art, And her eyes, she did enslave me; But her constancy's so weak, She's so wild and apt to wander, That my jealous heart would break Should we live one day asunder.

Melting joys about her move, Killing pleasures, wounding blisses; She can dress her eyes in love, And her lips can arm with kisses; Angels listen when she speaks, She's my delight, all mankind's wonder; But my jealous heart would break Should we live one day asunder.

# My Light Thou Art

My light thou art, without thy glorious sight My eyes are darkened with eternal night; My Love, thou art my way, my life, my light.

Thou art my way, I wander if thou fly; Thou art my light, if hid, how blind am I! Thou art my life, if thou withdraw'st I die.

Thou art my life; if thou but turn away, My life's a thousand deaths. Thou art my way; Without thee, Love, I travel not, but stray.

#### Poems To Mulgrave And Scroope

#### Deare Friend.

I heare this Towne does soe abound, With sawcy Censurers, that faults are found, With what of late wee (in Poetique Rage) Bestowing, threw away on the dull Age; But (howsoe're Envy, their Spleen may raise, To Robb my Brow, of the deserved Bays) Their thanks at least I merit since through me, They are Partakers of your Poetry; And this is all, I'll say in my defence, T'obtaine one Line, of your well worded Sense

I'd be content t'have writ the Brittish Prince. I'm none of those who thinke themselves inspir'd, Nor write with the vaine hopes to be admir'd; But from a Rule (I have upon long tryall) T'avoyd with care, all sort of self denyall. Which way soe're desire and fancy leade (Contemning Fame) that Path I boldly tread; And if exposeing what I take for Witt, To my deare self, a Pleasure I beget, Noe matter tho' the Censring Crittique fret. Those whom my Muse displeases, are at strife With equall Spleene, against my Course of life, The least delight of which, I'd not forgoe, For all the flatt'ring Praise, Man can bestow. If I designd to please the way were then, To mend my Manners, rather than my Pen; The first's unnaturall, therefore unfit, And for the Second, I despair of it, Since Grace, is not soe hard to get as Witt. Perhaps ill Verses, ought to be confin'd, In meere good Breeding, like unsav'ry Wind; Were Reading forc'd, I shou'd be apt to thinke Men might noe more write scurvily, than stinke: But 'tis your choyce, whether you'll Read, or noe, If likewise of your smelling it were soe, I'd Fart just as I write, for my owne ease,

Nor shou'd you be concern'd, unlesse you please: I'll owne, that you write better than I doe, But I have as much need to write, as you. What though the Excrement of my dull Braine,

Runns in a harsh, insipid Straine, Whilst your rich Head, eases it self of Witt? Must none but Civet-Catts, have leave to shit? In all I write, shou'd Sense, and Witt, and Rhyme Faile me at once, yet something soe Sublime, Shall stamp my Poem, that the World may see, It cou'd have beene produc'd, by none but me. And that's my end, for Man, can wish noe more, Then soe to write, as none ere writ before. Yet why am I noe Poet, of the tymes? I have Allusions, Similies and Rhymes, And Witt, or else 'tis hard that I alone, Of the whole Race of Mankind, shou'd have none. Unequally, the Partiall Hand of Heav'n, Has all but this one only Blessing giv'n; The World appeares like a great Family, Whose Lord opprest with Pride, and Poverty, (That to a few, great Plenty he may show) Is faine to starve the Num'rous Traine below: Just soe seemes Providence, as poor and vaine, Keeping more Creatures, than it can maintaine. Here 'tis profuse, and there it meanly saves, And for One Prince, it makes Ten Thousand Slaves: In Witt alone, it has beene Magnificent, Of which, soe just a share, to each is sent That the most Avaricious are content. For none e're thought, (the due Division's such), His owne too little, or his Friends too much. Yet most Men shew, or find great want of Witt, Writeing themselves, or Judging what is writ: But I, who am of sprightly Vigour full Looke on Mankind, as Envious, and dull. Borne to my self, my self I like alone, And must conclude my Judgment good, or none. (For shou'd my Sense be nought, how cou'd I know, Whether another Man's, were good, or noe?) Thus, I resolve of my owne Poetry,

That 'tis the best, and there's a Fame for me. If then I'm happy, what does it advance, Whether to merit due, or Arrogance?

Oh! but the World will take offence thereby, Why then the World, shall suffer for't, not I. Did e're this sawcy World, and I agree? To let it have its Beastly will on me? Why shou'd my Prostituted Sense, be drawne, To ev'ry Rule, their musty Customes spawne? But Men, will Censure you; Tis Two to one When e're they Censure, they'll be in the wrong. There's not a thing on Earth, that I can name Soe foolish, and soe false, as Common Fame. It calls the Courtier Knave, the plaine Man rude, Haughty the grave, and the delightfull Lewd. Impertinent the briske, Morosse the sad, Meane the Familiar, the Reserv'd one Mad. Poor helplesse Woman, is not favour'd more She's a slye Hipocryte, or Publique Whore. Then who the Devill, wou'd give this -- to be free From th'Innocent Reproach of Infamy? These things consider'd, make me (in despight Of idle Rumour,) keepe at home, and write.

# Portsmouth's Looking Glass

Methinks I see you, newly risen From your embroider'd Bed and pissing, With studied mien and much grimace, Present yourself before your glass, To vanish and smooth o'er those graces, You rubb'd off in your Night Embraces.

#### Return

Absent from thee, I languish still; Then ask me not, When I return? The straying fool 'twill plainly kill To wish all day, all night to mourn.

Dear, from thine arms then let me fly, That my fantastic mind may prove The torments it deserves to try, That tear my fix'd heart from my love.

When, wearied with a world of woe, To they safe bosom I retire, Where love, and peace, and truth does flow, May I contented there expire!

Lest, once more wandering from that heaven, I fall on some base heart unblest; Faithless to thee, false, unforgiven -And lose my everlasting rest.

### Satyr

Were I (who to my cost already am One of those strange prodigious Creatures Man) A Spirit free, to choose for my own share, What Case of Flesh, and Blood, I pleas'd to weare, I'd be a Dog, a Monkey, or a Bear, Or any thing but that vain Animal, Who is so proud of being rational. The senses are too gross, and he'll contrive A Sixth, to contradict the other Five; And before certain instinct, will preferr Reason, which Fifty times for one does err. Reason, an Ignis fatuus, in the Mind, Which leaving light of Nature, sense behind; Pathless and dang'rous wandring ways it takes, Through errors Fenny -- Boggs, and Thorny Brakes; Whilst the misguided follower, climbs with pain, Mountains of Whimseys, heap'd in his own Brain: Stumbling from thought to thought, falls headlong down, Into doubts boundless Sea, where like to drown, Books bear him up awhile, and make him try, To swim with Bladders of Philosophy; In hopes still t'oretake th'escaping light, The Vapour dances in his dazling sight, Till spent, it leaves him to eternal Night. Then Old Age, and experience, hand in hand, Lead him to death, and make him understand, After a search so painful, and so long, That all his Life he has been in the wrong; Hudled in dirt, the reas'ning Engine lyes, Who was so proud, so witty, and so wise. Pride drew him in, as Cheats, their Bubbles catch, And makes him venture, to be made a Wretch. His wisdom did his happiness destroy, Aiming to know that World he shou'd enjoy; And Wit, was his vain frivolous pretence, Of pleasing others, at his own expence. For Witts are treated just like common Whores, First they're enjoy'd, and then kickt out of Doores: The pleasure past, a threatning doubt remains,

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Filling with Frantick Crowds of thinking Fools, Those Reverend Bedlams, Colledges, and Schools; Borne on whose Wings, each heavy Sot can pierce, The limits of the boundless Universe. So charming Oyntments, make an Old Witch flie, And bear a Crippled Carcass through the Skie. 'Tis this exalted Pow'r, whose bus'ness lies, In Nonsense, and impossibilities. This made a Whimsical Philosopher, Before the spacious World, his Tub prefer, And we have modern Cloysterd Coxcombs, who Retire to think, cause they have naught to do. But thoughts, are giv'n, for Actions government, Where Action ceases, thoughts impertinent: Our Sphere of Action, is lifes happiness, And he who thinks Beyond, thinks like an Ass. Thus, whilst against false reas'ning I inveigh, I own right Reason, which I wou'd obey: That Reason that distinguishes by sense, And gives us Rules, of good, and ill from thence: That bounds desires, with a reforming Will, To keep 'em more in vigour, not to kill. Your Reason hinders, mine helps t'enjoy, Renewing Appetites, yours wou'd destroy. My Reason is my Friend, yours is a Cheat, Hunger call's out, my Reason bids me eat; Perversly yours, your Appetite does mock, This asks for Food, that answers what's a Clock? This plain distinction Sir your doubt secures, 'Tis not true Reason I despise but yours. Thus I think Reason righted, but for Man, I'le nere recant defend him if you can. For all his Pride, and his Philosophy, 'Tis evident, Beasts are in their degree, As wise at least, and better far than he. Those Creatures, are the wisest who attain, By surest means, the ends at which they aim. If therefore Jowler, finds, and Kills his Hares, Better than Meres, supplyes Committee Chairs; Though one's a States-man, th'other but a Hound, Jowler, in Justice, wou'd be wiser found. You see how far Mans wisedom here extends,

Look next, if humane Nature makes amends; Whose Principles, most gen'rous are, and just, And to whose Moralls, you wou'd sooner trust. Be judge your self, I'le bring it to the test, Which is the basest Creature Man, or Beast? Birds, feed on Birds, Beasts, on each other prey, But Savage Man alone, does Man, betray: Prest by necessity, they Kill for Food, Man, undoes Man, to do himself no good. With Teeth, and Claws, by Nature arm'd they hunt, Natures allowance, to supply their want. But Man, with smiles, embraces, Friendships, praise, Unhumanely his Fellows life betrays; With voluntary pains, works his distress, Not through necessity, but wantonness. For hunger, or for Love, they fight, or tear, Whilst wretched Man, is still in Arms for fear; For fear he armes, and is of Armes afraid, By fear, to fear, successively betray'd. Base fear, the source whence his best passion came, His boasted Honor, and his dear bought Fame. That lust of Pow'r, to which he's such a Slave, And for the which alone he dares be brave: To which his various Projects are design'd, Which makes him gen'rous, affable, and kind. For which he takes such pains to be thought wise, And screws his actions, in a forc'd disguise: Leading a tedious life in Misery, Under laborious, mean Hypocrisie. Look to the bottom, of his vast design, Wherein Mans Wisdom, Pow'r, and Glory joyn; The good he acts, the ill he does endure, 'Tis all for fear, to make himself secure. Meerly for safety, after Fame we thirst, For all Men, wou'd be Cowards if they durst. And honesty's against all common sense, Men must be Knaves, 'tis in their own defence. Mankind's dishonest, if you think it fair, Amongst known Cheats, to play upon the square, You'le be undone --Nor can weak truth, your reputation save, The Knaves, will all agree to call you Knave.

Wrong'd shall he live, insulted o're, opprest, Who dares be less a Villain, than the rest. Thus Sir you see what humane Nature craves, Most Men are Cowards, all Men shou'd be Knaves: The diff'rence lyes (as far as I can see) Not in the thing it self, but the degree; And all the subject matter of debate, Is only who's a Knave, of the first Rate? All this with indignation have I hurl'd, At the pretending part of the proud World, Who swolne with selfish vanity, devise, False freedomes, holy Cheats, and formal Lyes Over their fellow Slaves to tyrannize. But if in Court, so just a Man there be, (In Court, a just Man, yet unknown to me) Who does his needful flattery direct, Not to oppress, and ruine, but protect; Since flattery, which way so ever laid, Is still a Tax on that unhappy Trade. If so upright a States-Man, you can find, Whose passions bend to his unbyass'd Mind; Who does his Arts, and Pollicies apply, To raise his Country, not his Family; Nor while his Pride own'd Avarice withstands, Receives close Bribes, from Friends corrupted hands. Is there a Church-Man who on God relyes? Whose Life, his Faith, and Doctrine Justifies? Not one blown up, with vain Prelatique Pride, Who for reproof of Sins, does Man deride: Whose envious heart makes preaching a pretence With his obstrep'rous sawcy Eloquence, To chide at Kings, and raile at Men of sense. Who from his Pulpit, vents more peevish Lyes, More bitter railings, scandals, Calumnies, Than at a Gossipping, are thrown about, When the good Wives, get drunk, and then fall out. None of that sensual Tribe, whose Tallents lye, In Avarice, Pride, Sloth, and Gluttony. Who hunt good Livings, but abhor good Lives, Whose Lust exalted, to that height arrives, They act Adultery with their own Wives. And e're a score of Years compleated be,

Can from the lofty Pulpit proudly see, Half a large Parish, their own Progeny. Nor doating Bishop who wou'd be ador'd, For domineering at the Councel Board; A greater Fop, in business at Fourscore, Fonder of serious Toyes, affected more, Than the gay glitt'ring Fool, at Twenty proves, With all his noise, his tawdrey Cloths, and Loves. But a meek humble Man, of honest sense, Who Preaching peace, does practice continence; Whose pious life's a proof he does believe, Misterious truths, which no Man can conceive. If upon Earth there dwell such God-like Men, I'le here recant my Paradox to them, Adore those Shrines of Virtue, Homage pay, And with the Rabble World, their Laws obey. If such there are, yet grant me this at least, Man differs more from Man, than Man from Beast.

#### Signior Dildo

You ladies of merry England Who have been to kiss the Duchess's hand, Pray, did you not lately observe in the show A noble Italian called Signior Dildo?

This signior was one of the Duchess's train And helped to conduct her over the main; But now she cries out, 'To the Duke I will go, I have no more need for Signior Dildo.'

At the Sign of the Cross in St James's Street, When next you go thither to make yourselves sweet By buying of powder, gloves, essence, or so, You may chance to get a sight of Signior Dildo.

You would take him at first for no person of note, Because he appears in a plain leather coat, But when you his virtuous abilities know, You'll fall down and worship Signior Dildo.

My Lady Southesk, heaven prosper her for't, First clothed him in satin, then brought him to court; But his head in the circle he scarcely durst show, So modest a youth was Signior Dildo.

The good Lady Suffolk, thinking no harm, Had got this poor stranger hid under her arm. Lady Betty by chance came the secret to know And from her own mother stole Signior Dildo.

The Countess of Falmouth, of whom people tell Her footmen wear shirts of a guinea an ell, Might save that expense, if she did but know How lusty a swinger is Signior Dildo.

By the help of this gallant the Countess of Rafe Against the fierce Harris preserved herself safe; She stifled him almost beneath her pillow, So closely she embraced Signior Dildo. The pattern of virtue, Her Grace of Cleveland, Has swallowed more pricks than the ocean has sand; But by rubbing and scrubbing so wide does it grow, It is fit for just nothing but Signior Dildo.

Our dainty fine duchesses have got a trick To dote on a fool for the sake of his prick, The fops were undone did their graces but know The discretion and vigour of Signior Dildo.

The Duchess of Modena, though she looks so high, With such a gallant is content to lie, And for fear that the English her secrets should know, For her gentleman usher took Signior Dildo.

The Countess o'th'Cockpit (who knows not her name? She's famous in story for a killing dame), When all her old lovers forsake her, I trow, She'll then be contented with Signior Dildo.

Red Howard, red Sheldon, and Temple so tall Complain of his absence so long from Whitehall. Signior Barnard has promised a journey to go And bring back his countryman, Signior Dildo.

Doll Howard no longer with His Highness must range, And therefore is proferred this civil exchange: Her teeth being rotten, she smells best below, And needs must be fitted for Signior Dildo.

St Albans with wrinkles and smiles in his face, Whose kindness to strangers becomes his high place, In his coach and six horses is gone to Bergo To take the fresh air with Signior Dildo.

Were this signior but known to the citizen fops, He'd keep their fine wives from the foremen o'their shops; But the rascals deserve their horns should still grow For burning the Pope and his nephew, Dildo.

Tom Killigrew's wife, that Holland fine flower,

At the sight of this signior did fart and belch sour, And her Dutch breeding the further to show, Says, 'Welcome to England, Mynheer Van Dildo.'

He civilly came to the Cockpit one night, And proferred his service to fair Madam Knight. Quoth she, 'I intrigue with Captain Cazzo; Your nose in mine arse, good Signior Dildo.'

This signior is sound, safe, ready, and dumb As ever was candle, carrot, or thumb; Then away with these nasty devices, and show How you rate the just merit of Signior Dildo.

Count Cazzo, who carries his nose very high, In passion he swore his rival should die; Then shut himself up to let the world know Flesh and blood could not bear it from Signior Dildo.

A rabble of pricks who were welcome before, Now finding the porter denied them the door, Maliciously waited his coming below And inhumanly fell on Signior Dildo.

Nigh wearied out, the poor stranger did fly, And along the Pall Mall they followed full cry; The women concerned from every window Cried, 'For heaven's sake, save Signior Dildo.'

The good Lady Sandys burst into a laughter To see how the ballocks came wobbling after, And had not their weight retarded the foe, Indeed't had gone hard with Signior Dildo.

## The Disabled Debauchee

As some brave admiral, in former war, Deprived of force, but pressed with courage still, Two rival fleets appearing from afar, Crawls to the top of an adjacent hill;

From whence (with thoughts full of concern) he views The wise and daring conduct of the fight, And each bold action to his mind renews His present glory, and his past delight;

From his fierce eyes, flashes of rage he throws, As from black clouds when lightning breaks away, Transported, thinks himself amidst his foes, And absent yet enjoys the bloody day;

So when my days of impotence approach, And I'm by pox and wine's unlucky chance, Driven from the pleasing billows of debauch, On the dull shore of lazy temperance,

My pains at last some respite shall afford, Whilst I behold the battles you maintain, When fleets of glasses sail about the board, From whose broadsides volleys of wit shall rain.

Nor shall the sight of honourable scars, Which my too-forward valour did procure, Frighten new-listed soldiers from the wars. Past joys have more than paid what I endure.

Should hopeful youths (worth being drunk) prove nice,And from their fair inviters meanly shrink,'Twould please the ghost of my departed vice,If at my counsel they repent and drink.

Or should some cold-complexioned set forbid, With his dull morals, our night's brisk alarms, I'll fire his blood by telling what I did, When I was strong and able to bear arms. I'll tell of whores attacked, their lords at home, Bawds' quarters beaten up, and fortress won, Windows demolished, watches overcome, And handsome ills by my contrivance done.

Nor shall our love-fits, Cloris, be forgot, When each the well-looked link-boy strove t'enjoy, And the best kiss was the deciding lot: Whether the boy fucked you, or I the boy.

With tales like these I will such heat inspire, As to important mischief shall incline. I'll make them long some ancient church to fire, And fear no lewdness they're called to by wine.

Thus statesman-like, I'll saucily impose, And safe from danger valiantly advise, Sheltered in impotence, urge you to blows, And being good for nothing else, be wise.

# The Dying Lover

I cannot change, as others do, Though you unjustly scorn; Since that poor swain that sighs for you, For you alone was born. No, Phyllis, no, your heart to move A surer way I'll try: And to revenge my slighted love, Will still love on, will still love on, and die.

When, killed with grief, Amintas lies And you to mind shall call, The sighs that now unpitied rise, The tears that vainly fall, That welcome hour that ends this smart Will then begin your pain; For such a faithful tender heart Can never break, can never break in vain.

### The Mistress

An age in her embraces passed Would seem a winter's day; When life and light, with envious haste, Are torn and snatched away.

But, oh! how slowly minutes roll. When absent from her eyes That feed my love, which is my soul, It languishes and dies.

For then no more a soul but shade It mournfully does move And haunts my breast, by absence made The living tomb of love.

You wiser men despise me not, Whose love-sick fancy raves On shades of souls and Heaven knows what; Short ages live in graves.

Whene'er those woundng eyes, so full Of sweetness, you did see, Had you not been profoundly dull, You had gone mad like me.

Nor censure us, you who perceive My best beloved and me Sign and lament, complain and grieve; You think we disagree.

Alas, 'tis sacred jealousy, Love raised to an extreme; The only proof 'twixt her and me, We love, and do not dream.

Fantastic fancies fondly move And in frail joys believe, Taking false pleasure for true love; But pain can ne'er deceive. Kind jealous doubts, tormenting fears, And anxious cares when past, Prove our heart's treasure fixed and dear, And make us blessed at last.

## The Platonic Lady

I could love thee till I die, Would'st thou love me modestly, And ne'er press, whilst I live, For more than willingly I would give: Which should sufficient be to prove I'd understand the art of love.

I hate the thing is called enjoyment: Besides it is a dull employment, It cuts off all that's life and fire From that which may be termed desire; Just like the bee whose sting is gone Converts the owner to a drone.

I love a youth will give me leave His body in my arms to wreathe; To press him gently, and to kiss; To sigh, and look with eyes that wish For what, if I could once obtain, I would neglect with flat disdain.

I'd give him liberty to toy And play with me, and count it joy. Our freedom should be full complete, And nothing wanting but the feat. Let's practice, then, and we shall prove These are the only sweets of love.

### **To His Mistress**

Why dost thou shade thy lovely face? O why Does that eclipsing hand of thine deny The sunshine of the Sun's enlivening eye?

Without thy light what light remains in me? Thou art my life; my way, my light's in thee; I live, I move, and by thy beams I see.

Thou art my life-if thou but turn away My life's a thousand deaths. Thou art my way-, Love, I travel not but stray.

My light thou art-without thy glorious sight My eyes are darken'd with eternal night. My Love, thou art my way, my life, my light.

Thou art my way; I wander if thou fly. Thou art my light; if hid, how blind am I! Thou art my life; if thou withdraw'st, I die.

My eyes are dark and blind, I cannot see: To whom or whither should my darkness flee, But to that light?-and who's that light but thee?

If I have lost my path, dear lover, say, Shall I still wander in a doubtful way? Love, shall a lamb of Israel's sheepfold stray?

My path is lost, my wandering steps do stray; I cannot go, nor can I safely stay; Whom should I seek but thee, my path, my way?

And yet thou turn'st thy face away and fly'st me! And yet I sue for grace and thou deny'st me! Speak, art thou angry, Love, or only try'st me?

Thou art the pilgrim's path, the blind man's eye, The dead man's life. On thee my hopes rely: If I but them remove, I surely die. Dissolve thy sunbeams, close thy wings and stay! See, see how I am blind, and dead, and stray! -O thou art my life, my light, my way!

Then work thy will! If passion bid me flee, My reason shall obey, my wings shall be Stretch'd out no farther than from me to thee!

## To This Moment A Rebel

To this moment a rebel I throw down my arms, Great Love, at first sight of Olinda's bright charms. Make proud and secure by such forces as these, You may now play the tyrant as soon as you please.

When Innocence, Beauty, and Wit do conspire To betray, and engage, and inflame my Desire, Why should I decline what I cannot avoid? And let pleasing Hope by base Fear be destroyed?

Her innocence cannot contrive to undo me, Her beauty's inclined, or why should it pursue me? And Wit has to Pleasure been ever a friend, Then what room for Despair, since Delight is Love's end?

There can be no danger in sweetness and youth, Where Love is secured by good nature and truth; On her beauty I'll gaze and of pleasure complain While every kind look adds a link to my chain.

'Tis more to maintain than it was to surprise, But her Wit leads in triumpth the slave of her eyes; I beheld, with the loss of my freedom before, But hearing, forever must serve and adore.

Too bright is my Goddess, her temple too weak: Retire, divine image! I feel my heart break. Help, Love! I dissolve in a rapture of charms At the thought of those joys I should meet in her arms.

### **Tunbridge Wells**

At five this morn, when Phoebus raised his head From Thetis' lap, I raised myself from bed, And mounting steed, I trotted to the waters The rendesvous of fools, buffoons, and praters, Cuckolds, whores, citizens, their wives and daughters.

My squeamish stomach I with wine had bribed To undertake the dose that was prescribed; But turning head, a sudden curséd view That innocent provision overthrew, And without drinking, made me purge and spew. From coach and six a thing unweildy rolled, Whose lumber, card more decently would hold. As wise as calf it looked, as big as bully, But handled, proves a mere Sir Nicholas Cully; A bawling fop, a natural Nokes, and yet He dares to censure as if he had wit. To make him more ridiculous, in spite Nature contrived the fool should be a knight. Though he alone were dismal signt enough, His train contributed to set him off, All of his shape, all of the selfsame stuff. No spleen or malice need on them be thrown: Nature has done the business of lampoon, And in their looks their characters has shown.

Endeavoring this irksome sight to balk, And a more irksome noise, their silly talk, I silently slunk down t' th' Lower Walk, But often when one would Charibdis shun, Down upon Scilla 'tis one's fate to run, For here it was my curséd luck to find As great a fop, though of another kind, A tall stiff fool that walked in Spanish guise: The buckram puppet never stirred its eyes, But grave as owl it looked, as woodcock wise. He scorns the empty talking of this mad age, And speaks all proverbs, sentences, and adage; Can with as much solemnity buy eggs As a cabal can talk of their intrigues; Master o' th' Ceremonies, yet can dispense With the formality of talking sense.

From hence unto the upper walk I ran, Where a new scene of foppery began. A tribe of curates, priests, canonical elves, Fit company for none besides themselves, Were got together. Each his distemper told, Scurvy, stone, strangury; some were so bold To charge the spleen to be their misery, And on that wise disease brought infamy. But none had modesty enough t' complain Their want of learning, honesty, and brain, The general diseases of that train. These call themselves ambassadors of heaven, And saucily pretend commissions given; But should an Indian king, whose small command Seldom extends beyond ten miles of land, Send forth such wretched tools in an ambassage, He'd find but small effects of such a message. Listening, I found the cob of all this rabble Pert Bays, with his importance comfortable. He, being raised to an archdeaconry By trampling on religion, liberty, Was grown to great, and looked too fat and jolly, To be disturbed with care and melancholy, Though Marvell has enough exposed his folly. He drank to carry off some old remains His lazy dull distemper left in 's veins. Let him drink on, but 'tis not a whole flood Can give sufficient sweetness to his blood To make his nature of his manners good.

Next after these, a fulsome Irish crew Of silly Macs were offered to my view. The things did talk, but th' hearing what they said I did myself the kindness to evade. Nature has placed these wretches beneath scorn: They can't be called so vile as they are born. brkAmidst the crowd next I myself conveyed, For now were come, whitewash and paint being laid, Mother and daughter, mistress and the maid, And squire with wig and pantaloon displayed. But ne'er could conventicle, play, or fair For a true medley, with this herd compare. Here lords, knights, squires, ladies and countesses, Chandlers, mum-bacon women, sempstresses Were mixed together, nor did they agree More in their humors than their quality.

Here waiting for gallant, young damsel stood, Leaning on cane, and muffled up in hood. The would-be wit, whose business was to woo, With hat removed and solmn scrape of shoe Advanceth bowing, then genteelly shrugs, And ruffled foretop into order tugs, And thus accosts her: "Madam, methinks the weather Is grown much more serene since you came hither. You influence the heavens; but should the sun Withdraw himself to see his rays outdone By your bright eyes, they would supply the morn, And make a day before the day be born." With mouth screwed up, conceited winking eyes, And breasts thrust forward, "Lord, sir!" she replies. "It is your goodness, and not my deserts, Which makes you show this learning, wit, and parts." He, puzzled, butes his nail, both to display The sparkling ring, and think what next to say, And thus breaks forth afresh: "Madam, egad! Your luck at cards last night was very bad: At cribbage fifty-nine, and the next show To make the game, and yet to want those two. God damn me, madam, I'm the son of a whore If in my life I saw the like before!" To peddler's stall he drags her, and her breast With hearts and such-like foolish toys he dressed; And then, more smartly to expound the riddle Of all his prattle, gives her a Scotch fiddle.

Tired with this dismal stuff, away I ran Where were two wives, with girl just fit for man -Short-breathed, with pallid lips and visage wan. Some curtsies past, and the old compliment Of being glad to see each other, spent, With hand in hand they lovingly did walk, And one began thus to renew the talk: "I pray, good madam, if it may be thought No rudeness, what cause was it hither brought Your ladyship?" She soon replying, smiled, "We have a good estate, but have no child, And I'm informed these wells will make a barren Woman as fruitful as a cony warren." The first returned, "For this cause I am come, For I can have no quietness at home. My husband grumbles though we have got one, This poor young girl, and mutters for a son. And this is grieved with headach, pangs, and throes; Is full sixteen, and never yet had those." She soon replied, "Get her a husband, madam: I married at that age, and ne'er had 'em; Was just like her. Steel waters let alone: A back of steel will bring 'em better down." And ten to one but they themselves will try The same means to increase their family. Poor foolish fribble, who by subtlety Of midwife, truest friend to lechery, Persuaded art to be at pains and charge To give thy wife occaision to enlarge Thy silly head! For here walk Cuff and Kick, With brawny back and legs and potent prick, Who more substantially will cure thy wife, And on her half-dead womb bestow new life. From these the waters got the reputation Of good assistants unto generation.

Some warlike men were now got into th' throng, With hair tied back, singing a bawdy song. Not much afraid, I got a nearer view, And 'twas my chance to know the dreadful crew. They were cadets, that seldom can appear: Damned to the stint of thirty pounds a year. With hawk on fist, or greyhound led in hand, The dogs and footboys sometimes they command. But now, having trimmed a cast-off spavined horse, With three hard-pinched-for guineas in their purse, Two rusty pistols, scarf about the arse, Coat lined with red, they here presume to swell: This goes for captain, that for colonel. So the Bear Garden ape, on his steed mounted, No longer is a jackanapes accounted, But is, by virtue of his trumpery, then Called by the name of "the young gentleman."

Bless me! thought I, what thing is man, that thus In all his shapes, he is ridiculous? Ourselves with noise of reason we do please In vain: humanity's our worst disease. Thrice happy beasts are, who, because they be Of reason void, and so of foppery. Faith, I was so ashamed that with remorse I used the insolence to mount my horse; For he, doing only things fit for his nature, Did seem to me by much the wiser creature.

# **Upon Nothing**

Nothing, thou elder brother even to shade, That hadst a being ere the world was made, And (well fixed) art alone of ending not afraid. Ere time and place were, time and place were not, When primitive Nothing Something straight begot, Then all proceeded from the great united--What? Something, the general attribute of all, Severed from thee, its sole original, Into thy boundless self must undistinguished fall. Yet Something did thy mighty power command, And from thy fruitful emptiness's hand, Snatched men, beasts, birds, fire, air, and land. Matter, the wickedest offspring of thy race, By Form assisted, flew from thy embrace, And rebel Light obscured thy reverend dusky face. With Form and Matter, Time and Place did join, Body, thy foe, with these did leagues combine To spoil thy peaceful realm, and ruin all thy line. But turncoat Time assists the foe in vain, And, bribed by thee, assists thy short-lived reign, And to thy hungry womb drives back thy slaves again. Though mysteries are barred from laic eyes, And the Divine alone with warrant pries Into thy bosom, where thy truth in private lies, Yet this of thee the wise may freely say, Thou from the virtuous nothing takest away, And to be part of thee the wicked wisely pray. Great Negative, how vainly would the wise Inquire, define, distinguish, teach, devise? Didst thou not stand to point their dull philosophies. Is, or is not, the two great ends of Fate, And true or false, the subject of debate, That perfects, or destroys, the vast designs of Fate, When they have racked the politician's breast, Within thy bosom most securely rest, And, when reduced to thee, are least unsafe and best. But Nothing, why does Something still permit That sacred monarchs should at council sit With persons highly thought at best for nothing fit?

Whist weighty Something modestly abstains From princes' coffers, and from statesmen's brains, And Nothing there like stately Nothing reigns, Nothing, who dwellest with fools in grave disguise, For whom they reverend shapes and forms devise, Lawn sleeves, and furs, and gowns, when they like thee look wise. French truth, Dutch prowess, British policy, Hibernian learning, Scotch civility, Spaniard's dispatch, Dane's wit are mainly seen in thee. The great man's gratitude to his best friend, King's promises, whore's vows, towards thee they bend, Flow swiftly to thee, and in thee never end.